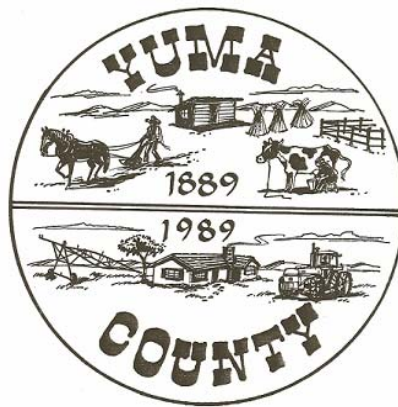


Yuma County Land Use Code

THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
OF
YUMA COUNTY



ADOPTED
EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003
REVISED EFFECTIVE FEBRUARY 1, 2010

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YUMA COUNTY LAND USE CODE

ARTICLE 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 1-101 TITLE AND SHORT TITLE.

These Regulations shall be known as the Yuma County Land Use Code.

SECTION 1-102 AUTHORITY.

Yuma County is authorized to regulate zoning, planning and the subdivision of land by *inter alia*, Section 30-28-101 et seq., C.R.S.; Section 30-28-201 et seq.; Section 29-20-101 et seq.; Section 24-67-104 et seq.; and Section 25-10-101 et seq.

SECTION 1-103 PURPOSES.

The general purposes of this Land Use Code include:

- A. PROTECT QUALITY OF LIFE.** To provide for protection of the public health, safety and welfare of the residents of the County and to protect the environment.
- B. PROVIDE FOR ORDERLY DEVELOPMENT OF THE COUNTY.** To provide for balanced, orderly growth patterns and to provide efficient, phased government services to accommodate existing and future residents.
- C. PRESERVE PROPERTY VALUES.** To preserve and promote the value of property, to protect the tax base of the County and to respect the property rights of citizens.
- D. PROTECT AND ENHANCE AGRICULTURE.** To protect and enhance agricultural uses and the rural characteristics of the County.

SECTION 1-104 RIGHT TO FARM.

It is the policy of the Board of County Commissioners that ranching, farming, and all manner of agricultural activities and operations throughout Yuma County are integral elements of and necessary for the continued vitality of the County's history, economy, landscape, lifestyle and culture. Given their importance to the County and the state, agricultural lands and operations are worthy of recognition and protection.

- A. AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES AND OPERATIONS WITHIN THE COUNTY SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED TO BE NUISANCES.** Colorado is a “Right to Farm State” pursuant to C.R.S. 35-3.5-101, et seq. Landowners, residents, and visitors must be prepared to accept the activities, sights, sounds and smells of Yuma County’s agricultural operations as a normal and necessary aspect of living in a county with a strong rural character and a healthy agricultural sector. Those with an urban sensitivity may perceive such activities, sights, sounds and smells as inconveniences, eyesores, noises and odors. However, state law and County policy provides that ranching, farming or other agricultural activities and operations within the County shall not be considered to be nuisances so long as they are operated in conformance with the law and in a non-negligent manner. Therefore, all landowners, residents and visitors must be prepared to encounter noises, odors, lights, mud, dust, smoke, chemicals, machinery on public roads, livestock on public roads, storage and disposal of manure, and the application by spraying or otherwise of chemical fertilizers, soil amendments, herbicides, and pesticides, any one or more of which may naturally occur as a part of legal and non-negligent agricultural operations.
- B. RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF ALL LANDOWNERS.** All owners of land, regardless of use, have obligations under state law and County regulations with regard to maintenance of fences. Irrigators have the right to maintain irrigation ditches through established easements that transport water for their use, and said irrigation ditches are not to be used for the dumping of refuse. Landowners are responsible for controlling weeds, keeping pets under control, and other aspects of using and maintaining property in accordance with County regulations. Residents and landowners are encouraged to learn about these rights and responsibilities and to act as good neighbors and citizens of the county.

SECTION 1-105 APPLICABILITY.

- A. UNINCORPORATED YUMA COUNTY.** This Land Use Code shall apply to all land within the unincorporated areas of Yuma County.
- B. COMPLIANCE WITH CODE REQUIRED.** No person may engage in any Land Use Change without first complying with this Code.
- C. EXISTING USES TO CONTINUE.** Land uses in effect at the time of enactment of this Land Use Code may continue as a “Nonconforming Use.” pursuant to Article 7 of this Land Use Code.

SECTION 1-106 REPEALER; RE-ENACTMENT, EFFECTIVE DATE.

- A. **REPEAL OF COUNTY’S PRIOR LAND USE REGULATIONS.** The existing subdivision and 1041 regulations are hereby repealed on the date of the County’s adoption of this Land Use Code.
- B. **ENACTMENT.** This Land Use Code shall be enacted upon its approval by the Board of County Commissioners, after review and recommendation by the Yuma County Planning Commission, following public hearings.
- C. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This Land Use Code shall become effective thirty (30) days following the date of its adoption by the Board of County Commissioners unless adopted as an emergency resolution necessary for the immediate preservation of public health, safety and welfare.

SECTION 1-107 AMENDMENT TO THE TEXT OF THIS LAND USE CODE.

- A. **INITIATION.** Text amendments to this Land Use Code shall be initiated by the Board of County Commissioners, the Planning Commission, or the Administrator.
- B. **PROPOSED AMENDMENT.** A proposal for text amendment shall state the precise wording of the proposed text amendment, and the reason for the proposed amendment.
- C. **PUBLIC REVIEW.** Copies of the proposed text amendment shall be available at the County offices for review by the public.
- D. **REVIEW AND RECOMMENDATION OF PLANNING COMMISSION.** Following the publication of notice of the proposed text amendment published at least fourteen (14) days prior to the public hearing, the Planning Commission shall conduct a public hearing. The Planning Commission may make modifications to the proposed amendment and transmit its recommendations on the proposed text to Board of County Commissioners.
- E. **ACTION BY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.** After receipt of the recommendation from the Planning Commission and following publication of a notice of the proposed text amendment published at least thirty (30) days prior to the public hearing, the Board of County Commissioners shall hold a public hearing and determine whether the text should be amended. Following the close of the hearing, the Board may direct the Administrator to make any such amendments to the official Land Use Code.

SECTION 1-108 SEVERABILITY.

If any section, clause, or portion of this Code is found to be unconstitutional or invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remainder of this Code shall not be affected and shall remain in full force and effect.

SECTION 1-109 EFFECT OF PERMITS AND VESTED PROPERTY RIGHTS.

- A. PERMIT RUNS WITH THE LAND..** A Land Use Permit issued under this Land Use Code runs with the land and gives the landowner the right to develop and use the property under the terms and conditions of the Land Use Permit.
- B. STATUTORY VESTED PROPERTY RIGHTS.** Article 68, Title 24 C.R.S. allows the County to grant the developer a three year vested right to begin and complete development of an approved Site-Specific Development Plan. A Land Use Permit issued by Yuma County constitutes a Site-Specific Development Plan for purposes of these statutory vested rights.

 - 1. RIGHTS THAT ARE VESTED.** Except for ordinances or regulations which are general in nature and are applicable to all property subject to land use regulations by the County, a statutory vested property right once established precludes any land use action by the County for a period of three years from the date of approval of the Land Use Permit that would alter, impair, prevent, diminish, or otherwise delay the development or use of the land consistent with the terms and conditions of the Land Use Permit.
- C. EXPIRATION.** The Permit and the vested rights established by the Permit shall expire only if: the activity for which the Permit was approved has not commenced within one year; the development and use of the property has not been completed within three years of Permit approval (unless the County has agreed in writing to a longer period; or, development and use of the property has not occurred in compliance with the terms and conditions of the Land Use Permit approval.)

ARTICLE 2 LAND USE PERMITS

SECTION 2-101 LAND USE PERMIT REQUIRED FOR LAND USE CHANGES.

- A. LAND USE PERMITS.** Unless otherwise exempt pursuant to Section 2-102 of this Code, any Land Use Change shall require a Land Use Permit. A Land Use Change is defined as any development, grading, construction, activity or operation that changes the basic character, configuration or use of land or structures after the enactment of this Land Use Code.
- B. PERMIT APPLICATION.** An application for a Land Use Permit shall be filed with the County.
- C. NO DEVELOPMENT PRIOR TO PERMIT ISSUANCE.** No development or Land Use Change for which a Land Use Permit is required may begin until a Land Use Permit has been approved and issued by Yuma County.
- D. PERMITS RUN WITH THE LAND.** Any Land Use Permit issued under this Code shall run with the land and shall expire after one year from the date of issuance if the activity for which a permit is issued has not commenced.

SECTION 2-102 EXEMPTIONS FROM LAND USE PERMIT REQUIREMENTS.

The following Land Use Changes do not require a Land Use Permit

- A. SINGLE FAMILY DWELLING.** The construction of one single family dwelling and accessory uses that are incidental and secondary to the single family dwelling on a single lot shall not require a Land Use Permit.

 - 1. Activity Notice Required.** For purposes of the County Assessor's Office, the Administrator shall process an Activity Notice, based upon review of a detailed site plan.
- B. AGRICULTURAL STRUCTURES AND ACTIVITIES.** The construction of agricultural structures and the conduct of activities associated with normal agricultural operations and any minor expansion of a concentrated animal feeding operation or livestock confinement facility that does not increase the capacity of the facility by more than 33% or 5,000 head, whichever is less, over the existing capacity as of the date of approval of this document, shall not require a Land Use Permit.

1. **Activity Notice Required.** For purposes of the County Assessor's Office, the Administrator shall process an Activity Notice, based upon review of a detailed site plan.

- C. **HOME OCCUPATIONS.** The conduct of a home occupation shall not require a Land Use Permit so long as the home occupation complies with the following minimum standards. Failure to conduct the home occupation in compliance with the minimum standards shall be a violation of this Code and will be subject to enforcement proceedings.

The following minimum standards shall apply to exempt home occupations:

1. Such use is incidental and secondary to residential use of the principal dwelling or accessory structure or addition and does not change the residential character thereof.
2. Such use will be conducted by the resident(s) of the principal dwelling and only within the principal dwelling or accessory structure or addition.
3. Such use does not generate traffic that significantly affects the residential character of the area.
4. Such use does not create excessive or offensive noise, vibration, smoke, dust, odors, heat, glare or light noticeable or extending beyond the property boundaries.
5. Such use shall not infringe upon the right of neighboring residents to enjoy the peaceful occupancy of their homes.

- D. **EXISTING USES AND STRUCTURES.** Continuation of uses in existence as of the effective date of this Code shall not require a Land Use Permit. Uses and structures existing as of the effective date of this Code which are not in conformance with the provisions of this Code shall be treated as a nonconforming use subject to the requirements of Article 7 of this Code.

- E. **DIVISION OF LAND INTO PARCELS 35 ACRES OR LARGER.**

The division of land into parcels thirty-five (35) acres in size or larger shall not require a Land Use Permit.

1. **Land Use Changes on Parcels Greater than Thirty-five Acres Not Exempt from Permit Requirements.** Even though the division of land into parcels thirty-five acres or larger in size does not require a Land Use Permit, other Land Use Changes on or to serve these parcels shall require a Land Use Permit including,

without limitation, the construction of roads and utilities to serve those parcels, commercial or industrial uses, livestock containment facilities, confined animal feeding operations and other activities not exempt from the permit requirements of this Code.

SECTION 2-103 CLASSES OF LAND USE PERMITS.

Yuma County has adopted three classes of Land Use Permits: Administrative Land Use Permits, Minor Land Use Permits and Major Land Use Permits. The determination of the class of Land Use Permit that will be required for a Land Use Change shall be made at the time that an application has been filed with the County. See Section 4-101(B).

A. ADMINISTRATIVE LAND USE PERMITS. Administrative Land Use Permits may be issued by the Administrator under Section 4-102 of this Code for any of the following Land Use Changes:

- 1. Construction of a second or third dwelling unit on a single parcel of land thirty-five (35) acres in size or larger.** An Administrative Land Use Permit shall be required for the construction of a second or third dwelling unit on a single parcel thirty-five (35) acres or larger in size.
- 2. Lot line adjustments.** An Administrative Land Use Permit shall be required for the adjustment of lot lines between lots.
- 3. Extension or Enlargement of a Non-Residential Structure.** An Administrative Land Use Permit shall be required for extension or enlargement of a non-residential structure allowed under the provisions of this Code, that adds less than 500 square feet of usable floor space to the square footage in compliance with the provisions of this Code.
- 4. Lot Mergers.** An Administrative Land Use Permit shall be required to eliminate the lot lines separating adjacent lots that are commonly owned.
- 5. Correction of Plat.** An Administrative Land Use Permit shall be required to correct a technical error in a subdivision plat that has been approved and recorded.

B. MINOR LAND USE PERMITS. Minor Land Use Permits may be issued by the Board of County Commissioners under Section 4-103 of this Code for any of the following Land Use Changes.

- 1. Exempt Divisions of land into four parcels or less.** A Minor Land Use Permit shall be required for divisions of land resulting in the creation of four parcels or less for purposes of obtaining exempt small capacity well permits from the State Engineer.

2. Roads and Excavations.

a. The design and construction of a road or excavation, other than a road or excavation that is part of a normal agricultural operation, shall require a Minor Land Use Permit, except that:

(1) The design and construction of a road or excavation associated with development shall be reviewed and considered as part of the Land Use Permit process for that development.

3. Cluster Subdivisions. A Minor Land Use Permit shall be required for development of Cluster Subdivisions under Section 3-102(B)(2) to implement the requirements of C.R.S. 37-92-602.

4. Subdivision Plat Vacation. A Minor Land Use Permit shall be required for vacation of a recorded subdivision plat.

5. Subdivision Final Plat. A Minor Land Use Permit shall be required for approval of a subdivision final plat in compliance with an approved preliminary plan.

6. Roadway Vacation. A Minor Land Use Permit shall be required for vacation of public roads and rights-of-way.

C. MAJOR LAND USE PERMITS. All Land Use Changes that are not listed under Administrative Land Use Permits or Minor Land Use Permits require a Major Land Use Permit and may be issued by the Board of County Commissioners under Section 4-104 of this Code.

**ARTICLE 3 REVIEW AND CONSIDERATION OF DIVISIONS OF
LAND**

SECTION 3-101 SUBDIVISIONS.

Colorado State Statutes empower counties to adopt regulations that govern certain divisions of land. Subdivision is defined by statute to include “any parcel of land...which is divided into two or more parcels, separate interests or interests in common, unless exempt...”

- A. COMPLIANCE WITH CODE REQUIRED.** No subdivision shall be approved under this Code unless it meets all of the County requirements contained in this Code.

- B. SALE OF LOTS IN UNAPPROVED SUBDIVISIONS PROHIBITED.** No land within a subdivision shall be sold unless a final plat for the subdivision has been approved and recorded in compliance with this Code.

- C. PRELIMINARY PLAN.** An applicant for subdivision must gain approval of a preliminary plan prior to consideration of a request for final plat approval. A preliminary plan requires a Major Land Use Permit under Section 4-104.

- D. FINAL PLAT.** An applicant for subdivision must gain approval of a final plat following the approval of the preliminary plan. A final plat requires a Minor Land Use Permit under Section 4-103.

SECTION 3-102 EXEMPTIONS FROM DEFINITION OF SUBDIVISION.

- A. STATUTORY EXEMPTIONS.**
 - 1. Thirty-five Acre.** Under State Statute, the term “subdivision” and “subdivided land” shall not apply to any division of land which creates parcels of land each of which comprises thirty-five (35) or more acres of land and none of which is intended for multiple ownership. These divisions do not require the approval of a subdivision plat, but *Land Use Changes* that occur on parcels of land larger than thirty-five acres require a Land Use Permit and are not exempt from compliance with the Code.

 - 2. Other Statutory Exemptions.** Section 30-28-101 (10) (c) lists other divisions of interests in land to which the term “subdivision” and “subdivided land” do not apply.

- B. YUMA COUNTY EXEMPTIONS.** Yuma County exempts from the definition of the term “subdivision” and “subdivided land” the following

divisions of land but these divisions require a Land Use Permit and are not exempt from compliance with the Code.

1. **Exempt Divisions for Small Capacity Well Eligibility.** Yuma County finds that divisions of land that create twenty or fewer lots even though the lots are smaller than thirty-five acres in size are exempt from the definition of subdivision and therefore eligible to apply for an exempt small capacity well permit with the Office of the State Engineer. These divisions are not required to comply with Yuma County subdivision regulations, but a Land Use Permit shall be required as follows:
 - a. **Exempt Divisions To Create Four Lots.** The platting of exempt divisions of land that creates four lots or less shall require a Minor Land Use Permit under Section 4-103.
 - b. **Exempt Divisions into Five to Twenty Lots.** The platting of exempt divisions of land that creates five to twenty lots shall require a Major Land Use Permit under Section 4-104.
 - c. **No Determination of Water Availability.** Issuance of a Land Use Permit for an Exempt Division for small capacity well eligibility does not constitute any finding by the County regarding whether a well permit will be issued by the State Engineer or whether water is actually available.
2. **Cluster Developments.** Yuma County finds that the creation of a cluster development as that term is defined by state statute at C.R.S. §§ 30-28-401, 402 and 403 is exempt from the definition of subdivision .
 - a. **Minor Land Use Permit Required.** A Minor Land Use Permit under Section 4-103 is required for platting of a cluster subdivision.

ARTICLE 4 APPLICATION AND REVIEW PROCESS FOR LAND USE PERMITS

SECTION 4-101 COMMON APPLICATION PROCEDURES.

These procedures shall apply to any applicant for a Land Use Permit under this Code.

- A. PREAPPLICATION MEETING.** Any person contemplating a Land Use Change shall first schedule a preapplication meeting with the Administrator to discuss the proposed Land Use Change.

- B. DETERMINATION OF CLASS OF LAND USE PERMIT.** Within five (5) working days of the meeting with the Applicant, the Administrator shall determine if the Land Use Change requires an Administrative Permit, Minor Land Use Permit or Major Land Use Permit.
 - 1. Notice of Determination of Class of Land Use Permit.** Within one (1) working day of the Determination of Class of Land Use Permit, the Administrator shall notify the applicant and the Board of County Commissioners of the determination by email or phone whether the Land Use Change is subject to the Administrative Land Use Permit, Minor Land Use Permit or Major Land Use Permit.

 - 2. Reconsideration of Administrator's Determination of Class of Land Use Permit by Board.** The Board of County Commissioners may, at its discretion, review the Administrator's Determination of the class of Land Use Permit and decide that a different class of Land Use Permit is more appropriate, based upon the nature and scope of the impacts of the proposed Land Use Change. Such review and amendment of the Determination shall be made at the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board following receipt of notice of the Determination.

- C. APPLICATION FEE.**
 - 1. Fee Established.** Any application shall be accompanied by an application fee in accordance with the Fee Schedule. (The application fee schedule will be proposed by the Administrator, and adopted by a Resolution of the Board.) The application fee schedule shall reflect the minimum cost of reviewing and processing the application package, including costs of copying, mailings, publications, and labor.
 - a.** The Administrator shall add to the application fee the estimated costs of outside consultants, experts, and attorneys as the County deems necessary to advise it on the review and consideration of the application package.

2. **Accounting of fee.** The County will deposit that portion of the application fee that is not necessary to cover immediate costs and expenses in an account. The County will obligate, encumber or use such funds, from time to time, at its discretion, when necessary to cover the cost of review and consideration of the application. If costs associated with review and consideration of the application package exceed the funds available in the account, the Administrator shall notify the applicant of the additional fee required to proceed with review and consideration of the application package.
- D. SUBMITTAL OF PERMIT APPLICATION.** Following the determination of class of Land Use Permit and the Application Fee, the Application shall be submitted to the Administrator, together with the appropriate application fee.
- E. COMPLETENESS DETERMINATION.** Within 15 days following receipt of the permit application, the Administrator shall determine whether the application is complete. An application shall be deemed complete if it includes all information required.
1. **Notification of Incompleteness.** If the application is not complete, the Administrator shall notify the applicant in writing of any materials that must be submitted before the application can be deemed complete. The time to review the application shall not begin to run until the completeness determination has been made.
 2. **Completeness Date.** Once the Application is complete, the Administrator shall stamp the application with the date that it was determined to be complete and all time frames within this Code pertaining to review of the application shall be based on the completeness date.
- F. REVIEW AND APPROVAL.** Every Application may be approved, approved with conditions or denied by the County and will be reviewed according to the procedures in this Code for the particular class of permit.

SECTION 4-102 ADMINISTRATIVE LAND USE PERMIT APPLICATION AND REVIEW PROCEDURES.

- A. APPLICABILITY.** The Administrative Land Use Permit process may apply only to those Land Use Changes that have been determined to fall within the Administrative Land Use Permit Class. See Section 2-103(A).

- B. SUBMITTAL OF PERMIT APPLICATION.** An applicant for an Administrative Land Use Permit shall submit the following information unless the Administrator decides that the information should be waived under Section 4-102 (B)(7).
- 1. Written Description.** A brief written description of the proposed Land Use Change shall be submitted to the Administrator. The written description shall include the type of Land Use Change, and the total number of acres of the site where the change will occur and how the Land Use Change complies with the applicable standards.
 - a. Applicant is not the owner.** If the applicant is not the owner of the land, or is a contract purchaser of the land, the applicant shall submit a letter signed by the owner consenting to the submission of the application.
 - b. Applicant is not the sole owner.** If the applicant is not the sole owner of the land, the applicant shall submit a letter signed by the other owners or an association representing the owners consenting to or joining in the application for Land Use Permit
 - 2. Vicinity Map.** An 8 ½ x 11 vicinity map locating the parcel in the County. The vicinity map shall clearly show the boundaries of the site, and the ownership and use of adjacent properties.
 - 3. Site Plan.** A site plan prepared at a scale acceptable to the Administrator, which best conveys the conceptual aspects of the plan. The site plan shall have the following elements:
 - a.** Date of preparation, revision box, written scale, graphic scale, and north arrow (designated as true north).
 - b.** Clearly identified boundary lines, corner pins, dimensions of the site, and distance of structures from the boundaries of the site.
 - c.** Location of lot lines.
 - d.** Size of the site, in acres or square feet.
 - e.** Existing uses of the site and the adjacent properties.
 - f.** Location, dimension of all structures, existing and proposed.

- g. Existing and proposed grading.
 - h. Existing and proposed roads, railroad tracks, irrigation ditches, fences, existing and proposed utility lines, and easements and rights-of-ways on or adjacent to the site, shown by location and dimension.
 - i. The location of wells, septic systems, leach fields and similar features.
4. **Wastewater System.** Description of any proposed wastewater treatment system, including location and size of leach field, that will serve proposed uses.
 5. **Water Supply System.** Description of the source and capacity of any water supply, including location and size of well(s) and/or water lines to serve the proposed use.
 6. **Elevations Drawings of Structures.** Where the proposed Land Use Change is for the construction of buildings or structures, the applicant shall submit elevation drawings of proposed structures showing existing grade, finished grade, and height of structure above existing grade.
 7. **Additional Information or Waivers.** The Administrator may request additional information that may be required to evaluate the proposed Land Use Change. The Administrator may waive or alter any of these application submittal requirements if they are determined to be inappropriate or unnecessary to determining if the application satisfies applicable standards.

C. ADMINISTRATIVE LAND USE PERMIT REVIEW PROCEDURE. Following the preapplication conference described in Section 4-101(A), and the determination that the application is complete under Section 4-101(E), the following process will apply to review an Administrative Land Use Permit. In addition to the application fee that reflects the minimum costs to process the application, the applicant is responsible for paying the direct costs of review of the application, including but not limited to costs of referral agencies and outside consultants.

1. **Evaluation of Application by Administrator.** Upon determination of completeness, the Administrator shall review the application for compliance with the applicable General Standards set forth in Section 5-101, *General Standards*.

2. **Review by Referral Agencies.** The Administrator may send copies of the application to any referral agencies and consultants deemed necessary by the County.
3. **Notice to Adjacent Property Owners.** Notice to adjacent property owners shall not be required for an Administrative Land Use Permit unless the Administrator determines that the proposed use is likely to affect adjacent property owners. If notification is required, the notice shall be made by the County by sending a written notice describing the proposed Land Use Change to property owners within 500 feet of the boundaries of site to be developed.
4. **Decision by Administrator.** Within 14 working days of the date that the application was determined to be complete, the Administrator may approve, approve with conditions or deny the application for an Administrative Land Use Permit based upon compliance of the application with general standards set forth in Section 5-101, *General Standards*. The Administrator shall inform the applicant of the approval, conditions of approval or basis for denial in writing within 5 working days of the decision.
5. **Request for Review of Administrator's Decision.** The Applicant or adjacent property owner(s) may request review of the Administrator's decision by the Board of County Commissioners within 5 working days of the written notice of decision by the Administrator.
6. **Call-up of Administrator's Decision by the Board of County Commissioners.** Within fourteen (14) calendar days after receipt of the Notice of Decision, the Board may, at its discretion, decide to reconsider the Administrator's decision at the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board for which proper notice can be accomplished.
7. **Consideration of Application by the Board of County Commissioners.** Upon receiving the request for review of the Administrator's decision on the Land Use Permit application, or after call-up, the Board of County Commissioners shall consider the application a regular meeting of the Board, no more than thirty (30) days from the receipt of the request. The Board of County Commissioners shall either uphold the Administrator's decision, modify the decision, or reverse the decision based on the general standards and criteria set forth in Section 5-101, *General Standards*.

SECTION 4-103 APPLICATION SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS AND REVIEW PROCESS FOR MINOR LAND USE PERMITS.

- A. APPLICABILITY.** The Minor Land Use Permit process may apply only to those Land Use Changes that have been determined to fall within the Minor Land Use Permit Class. See Section 2-103(B).
- B. SUBMITTAL OF PERMIT APPLICATION.** The Applicant for a Minor Land Use Permit shall submit an application that contains the following material unless the Administrator decides that the information should be waived under Section 4-103 B. 11.
- 1. Written Description.** A brief written description of the proposed Land Use Change shall be submitted to the Administrator. The written description shall include the type of Land Use Change, and the total number of acres of the site where the change will occur.
 - a. Applicant is not the owner.** If the applicant is not the owner of the land, or is a contract purchaser of the land, the applicant shall submit a letter signed by the owner consenting to the submission of the application.
 - b. Applicant is not the sole owner.** If the applicant is not the sole owner of the land, the applicant shall submit a letter signed by the other owners or an association representing the owners consenting to or joining in the application for Land Use Permit
 - 2. Vicinity Map.** An 8 ½ x 11 vicinity map locating the site in the County. The vicinity map shall clearly show the boundaries of the site, and the ownership and use of adjacent properties.
 - 3. Site Plan.** *(not required for exempt divisions, cluster divisions or subdivision final plats.)* A site plan prepared at a scale acceptable to the Administrator, which best conveys the conceptual aspects of the plan and for effective public presentation. The site plan must have the following elements:
 - a.** Date of preparation, revision box, written scale, graphic scale, and north arrow (designated as true north).
 - b.** Clearly identified boundary lines, corner pins, dimensions of the site, and distance of structures from the boundaries of the site.
 - c.** Location of lot lines.

- d. Size of the parcel, in acres or square feet.
 - e. Existing uses of the site and the adjacent properties.
 - f. Location, dimension of all structures, existing and proposed.
 - g. Existing and proposed grading.
 - h. Existing and proposed roads, railroad tracks, irrigation ditches, fences, existing and proposed utility lines, and easements and rights-of-ways on or adjacent to the parcel, shown by location and dimension.
 - i. Significant features on the site such as contours, natural and artificial drainage ways, wetland areas, ditches, hydrologic features (with flooding limits based on information available through the County), and aquatic habitat, geologic features and hazards, soil types; vegetative cover; dams, reservoirs, excavations, and mines; and any other on-site and off-site features that might influence the development.
4. **Additional Materials for Exemption Plat (Exempt Division and Cluster Development.)** Instead of a site plan and in addition to the other information required above, an applicant for a Minor Land Use Permit for an Exempt Division or Cluster Development shall submit a plat prepared by a professional engineer that contains, at a minimum, the following information:
- a. All boundary survey control points with monuments to locate lots, blocks, rights-of-way, and easements.
 - b. Purpose, width and location of all easements.
 - c. Location, identification and dimensions of lots and blocks.
 - d. Location, dimensions and identification of driveways, roads and trails. For roadways, curve radiuses shall be included.
 - e. Location and dimensions of any open space parcels and preserved areas, together with documentation as to how the area will be preserved, maintained and protected.
5. **Additional Materials for Subdivision Final Plat.** For those development projects where a Major Land Use Permit has been issued for a subdivision preliminary plan, a final plat containing the following information must be submitted instead of a site plan:

- a.** The name and address of the owner(s) of record of the land being platted and the same information for the applicant(s), if other than the owners, along with the name, address and seal of the certifying registered land surveyor and the other individuals preparing the Final Plat.
- b.** A copy of a current certificate from a title insurance company or an attorney licensed to practice law in the State of Colorado attesting to the accuracy and validity of the title to the property being platted and stating that the applicant is the land owner or is duly authorized by the land owner(s) to so plat such land.

 - (1)** The certificate or certification shall also list all mortgages, lien judgments, easements, contracts, and agreements of record regarding the land to be platted and the Board of County Commissioners may require, at its discretion, that the holders of such mortgages, liens, judgments, easements, contracts or agreements shall be required to join in and approve the application for Final Plat approval before such Final Plat is accepted for review.
- c.** A Final Plat on mylar sheets measuring 24 x 36 inches. The Final Plat shall include the following information:

 - (1)** The name or identifying title of the proposed subdivision.
 - (2)** The date of preparation of the Final Plat, a north arrow and a graphic scale.
 - (3)** A complete and accurate legal description of the property being platted and the total acreage and number of lots being platted.
 - (4)** Boundary lines, corner pins, and dimensions of the subject parcel(s), including land survey data to identify the subject parcel by section corners, distance and bearing to these corners, quarter corner and township range.
 - (5)** Existing and proposed topographic contours at vertical intervals sufficient to show the topography affecting the development, drainage, and grading plans.

- (6)** The township, range, section and quarter section(s) showing the location and full description of all monuments as required by this Code and by Title 38, Article 51, C.R.S.
- (7)** A lot and street layout with all lots and blocks numbered consecutively, the dimensions of all lots, the acreage of each lot shown to two decimal places and all street and road names.
- (8)** The lengths of all arcs, radii and tangents for all curves.
- (9)** Show design and layout of all water and sewer service lines, treatment facilities and other elements of the sanitary sewer system, including the location of soil percolation tests as applicable.
- (10)** Location and width of existing and proposed roadways, sidewalks, or paths, road rights of way and parking areas within the site must be shown.
- (11)** The boundary lines and dimensions, shown accurately, of all easements, alleyways, sidewalks and similar features, including all other rights-of-way not otherwise or explicitly mentioned.
- (12)** The boundary lines and dimensions, shown accurately, of all property to be reserved and dedicated, with the means of access to such property clearly shown and its intended uses noted.
- (13)** A legally acceptable land description and dedication block placed on the plat by the applicant dedicating streets, rights-of-way, public sites and other such features. The transfer to the County of dedicated land shall take place by a legally acceptable instrument prior to or concurrent with Final Plat acceptance, but before recording of the Final Plat.
- (14)** Delineation of all known, identified or designated one hundred (100) year floodplains and localized areas subject to periodic inundation along the required stream setback lines, if any.

(15) **Additional Plat Notes.** Other plat notes and submittal items as the Planning Commission or the Board of County Commissioners may reasonably request to review and act upon the Final Plat.

6. **Drainage and Erosion Control Plan** (*not applicable to vacations or final plats*) For Land Use Changes that will require any excavation, grading or other surface disturbance, a plan showing existing and proposed grading for the site and practices to prevent erosion and run-off during and after construction.

7. **Noxious Weed Control Plan.**

8. **Wastewater System** (*not applicable to vacations or final plats*). For Land Use Changes that must be served by wastewater, a description of any proposed wastewater treatment system, including location and size of leach field, sewer service lines, and treatment facilities and certification by a professional engineer that the system is in compliance with state standards and adequate to serve the proposed development.

9. **Water Supply System.** (*not applicable to vacations or final plats*). For Land Use Changes that must be served by water, a description of the source and capacity of the water supply, including location and size of well(s) and/or water lines to serve the proposed use and proof of adequate physical and legal supply to serve the proposed Land Use Change.

10. **Impact Analysis** (*not applicable to vacations or final plats*). Description of the impacts that the proposed Land Use Change may cause, based upon the relevant standards and criteria of Sections 5-101, 5-102 and 5-103, and a complete description of how the applicant will ensure that impacts will be mitigated and standards will be satisfied.

11. **Additional Information and Waivers.** The Administrator may request additional information that may be required to evaluate the proposed Land Use Change. The Administrator may waive or alter any of these minimum requirements if they are determined to be inappropriate or unnecessary to determining if the application satisfies applicable standards.

C. **REVIEW OF MINOR LAND USE PERMIT APPLICATION MATERIALS BY ADMINISTRATOR.** Following the preapplication conference described in Section 4-101(A), and the determination that the application is complete under Section 4-101(E) the following process will apply to review a Minor Land Use Permit. In addition to the application

fee that reflects the minimum costs to process the application, the applicant is responsible for paying the direct costs of review of the application, including but not limited to costs of referral agencies and outside consultants.

1. **Evaluation of Application by Administrator.** The Administrator shall review the application for compliance with the relevant standards and criteria set forth in Article 5, *Standards and Criteria*. Within thirty (30) days of the date that the application was determined to be complete, the Administrator shall prepare a report that recommends approval, approval with conditions or denial of the application for a Minor Land Use Permit. The report shall be forwarded to the applicant and to the Planning Commission prior to the Planning Commission meeting when the application will be reviewed.
2. **Review by Referral Agencies.** The Administrator may send copies of the application to any referral agencies and consultants deemed necessary by the County.
3. **Schedule of Planning Commission Meeting.** Upon determination of completeness, the Administrator shall schedule the application for review by the Planning Commission at a regular meeting to be held not more than forty-five (45) days from the date that the application is deemed complete.

D. REVIEW AND RECOMMENDATION BY PLANNING

COMMISSION. The Minor Land Use Permit Application shall be considered by the Planning Commission at a regular meeting scheduled not more than forty-five (45) days from the date that the application is deemed complete by the Administrator. No public hearing by the Planning Commission is required for a Minor Land Use Permit.

1. **Notice to Adjacent Property Owners.** Not less than five (5) days prior to the date of the Planning Commission meeting, the County shall notify property owners within five hundred (500) feet of the boundaries of the parcel where the development will occur by sending a written notice describing the proposed Land Use Change and setting forth the time, date and place of the Planning Commission meeting.
2. **Recommendation by Planning Commission.** Following the meeting, the Planning Commission shall recommend approval, approval with conditions or denial of the application for a Minor Land Use Permit based on the applicable standards and criteria in Article 5, *Standards and Criteria*.

E. PUBLIC HEARING BY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

1. Schedule and Notice of Board of County Commissioners Public Hearing.

- a. Schedule of Board of County Commissioner Public Hearing.** The Administrator shall schedule the Minor Land Use permit application for review by the Board at a public hearing to be held not more than 30 days from the date of the Planning Commission recommendation on the application.
- b. Publication of Notice of Board of County Commissioner Public Hearing.** The County shall arrange for notice of the Board of County Commissioners public hearing to be published at least 14 days prior to the date of the public hearing in a newspaper of general circulation setting forth the time, date and place of the hearing.
- c. Notice to Adjacent Property Owners by County.** Not less than 10 days prior to the date of the Board hearing, the County shall notify property owners within 500 feet of the boundaries of the site where the development will occur by sending a written notice describing the proposed Land Use Change; site location and legal description by section, township and range; name of applicant; and setting forth the time, date and place of the Board hearing on the Minor Land Use permit application.
- d. Notice to Mineral Estate Owners.** Not less than 30 days prior to the date of the Board hearing, the Applicant shall notify mineral estate owners on-site and within 500 feet of the boundaries of the site where the development will occur by sending a written notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, describing the proposed Land Use Change; site location and legal description by section, township and range; name of applicant; and setting forth the time, date and place of the Board hearing on the Minor Land Use permit application.
- e. Posting on the Site.** The Applicant shall post a notice of the proposed Land Use Change on the site at least 14 days prior to the Board hearing describing the time, date and location of the public hearing by the Board of County Commissioners.

2. **Public Hearing and Action by Board of County Commissioners.** The Board of County Commissioners shall hold a public hearing to consider the application for a Minor Land Use Permit and shall hear evidence regarding compliance with the standards and criteria before taking an action on the application.
 - a. **Approval.** The application for a Minor Land Use Permit may be approved if the application satisfies all of the relevant standards and criteria contained in Article 5, *Standards and Criteria*.
 - b. **Conditional Approval.** The application for a Minor Land Use Permit may be approved with conditions if conditions are necessary to ensure compliance with this Code.
 - c. **Denial.** The application shall be denied if the application does not satisfy all of the relevant standards and criteria contained in Article 5, *Standards and Criteria*.

SECTION 4-104 MAJOR LAND USE PERMIT APPLICATION AND REVIEW PROCEDURES.

- A. **APPLICABILITY.** The Major Land Use Permit process shall apply to those Land Use Changes that do not fall within the Administrative or Minor Land Use Permit Class as described in Section 2-103, *Classes of Land Use Permits*.
- B. **SUBMITTAL OF PERMIT APPLICATION.** The Applicant for a Major Land Use Permit shall submit an application to the Administrator that contains the following material, unless the Administrator decides that the information should be waived under Section 4-104(B)(10).
 1. **Written Description.** A brief written description of the proposed Land Use Change shall be submitted to the Administrator. The written description shall include the type of Land Use Change, and the total number of acres of the site where the change will occur.
 - a. **Applicant is not the owner.** If the applicant is not the owner of the land, or is a contract purchaser of the land, the applicant shall submit a letter signed by the owner consenting to the submission of the application.
 - b. **Applicant is not the sole owner.** If the applicant is not the sole owner of the land, the applicant shall submit a letter signed by the other owners consenting to or joining in the application for Land Use Permit.

- i. Location and dimension of all structures and facilities, existing and proposed, both onsite and located within 500 feet of the exterior boundary of the site.
 - j. Existing and proposed grading.
 - k. Existing and proposed roads, railroad tracks, irrigation ditches, fences, utility lines and facilities, transmission lines and facilities, oil and gas wells, oil and gas facilities, pipelines, flowlines, and easements and rights-of-way of record on the site.
 - (1) Description of the ownership and purpose of easements and rights-of-way.
 - l. Description of proposed access route to and from the Wind Energy Facility including road surface material, proposed measures for dust control, and proposed road maintenance schedule or program.
 - m. Significant features on the site such as contours, natural and artificial drainage ways, wetland areas, ditches, hydrologic features (with flooding limits based on information available through the County), and aquatic habitat, geologic features and hazards, soil types; vegetative cover; dams, reservoirs, excavations, and mines; and any other on-site and off-site features that might influence the development.
4. **Materials Required for Subdivision Preliminary Plan.** Instead of a site plan and in addition to the other information required for a Major Land Use Permit, an applicant for a Major Land Use Permit for a Subdivision Preliminary Plan shall submit the following information:
- a. The name and address of the property owner (s) and of the applicant(s) if other than the owner or owners, and the person or persons preparing the Preliminary Plan submittal materials.
 - b. In the case of a corporate property owner or corporate applicant, evidence of registration or incorporation in the State of Colorado.
 - c. A list from the County Assessor's office of current property owners of record and their complete mailing address for property within five hundred (500) feet of the boundaries of

the proposed subdivision. This distance provision may be expanded up to two thousand five hundred (2500) feet by majority vote of the Planning Commission in the case of large subdivisions and other special circumstances that so warrant.

- d.** A list of the mineral estate owners and their complete mailing address, both onsite and located within 500 feet of the exterior boundary of the site. The list shall comprise mineral estate owners pursuant to C.R.S. § 24-65.5-103(1)(a)(I), as amended.
- e.** Site data in chart form presenting the total number of proposed residential lots, the net size of the average (mean) lot, minimum lot size, maximum lot size, types of land use proposed and area of land proposed for each such land use.
- f.** The total number of projected square feet of non-residential floor space to be included within the proposed subdivision.
- g.** A Preliminary Plan map prepared by a professional engineer including the following:
 - (1)** The location and principal dimensions of all existing and proposed streets, alleys, roads, easements, off-street parking areas, watercourses, streams, ponds and other significant features of the natural and manmade landscape within and adjacent to the proposed subdivision. Such features should be labeled by their proper names, when such names exist or are known, and the use of all should be clearly shown.
 - (2)** Boundary lines with bearings and distances, and a legal description of the parcel to be subdivided certified by a registered land surveyor.
 - (3)** The lot and street layout with lots and blocks numbered consecutively with the dimensions of all lots to the nearest foot and the acreage in each lot displayed.
 - (4)** The proposed sites, if any, for multi-family residential use, business use, commercial and industrial areas and other public and non-public uses exclusive of single family residential areas within the proposed subdivision.

- (5) The location of and preliminary engineering for any existing or proposed sewers, water mains, culverts, storm drains, sidewalks, gutters, fire hydrants and the sizes and types thereof, along with the width and depth of pavement or sub-grading to be provided, the depth of burial of all underground lines, pipes and tubing and typical cross sections of the proposed grading of roadways and sidewalks.
- (6) The preliminary engineering design and construction features for any bridges, culverts or other drainage structures to be constructed.
- (7) The topography of the proposed subdivision at five (5) foot contours. Upon request of and at the discretion of the Administrator, alternate contour intervals can be used for all or part of a site where special slope or other conditions prevail. Elevations shall be based on National Geodetic Survey sea level date.
- (8) The delineation of any known, identified or designated one hundred (100) year flood plains and localized areas subject to periodic flooding. Mitigation measures, if any, proposed to overcome the consequences of periodic inundation shall also be included in the submission. The distance between the mean identifiable high water mark of any creeks, streams or rivers and the nearest proposed development within the site shall also be shown.
- (9) The delineation of the geological characteristics of the area with evidence regarding the extent and intensity of any geological, radiological, seismic or other related hazards within or in close proximity to the proposed site. Mitigation measures, if any, proposed to overcome such geological, radiological, seismic or other hazards shall also be included in the submission.
- (10) All areas to be reserved for community or public uses and all areas to be dedicated to Yuma County along with any other areas to be used for open space and a statement describing how such reserved, dedicated and open space lands shall be maintained.

9. Road Maintenance and Improvement Agreement.

- a. A long-term Road Maintenance and Improvements Agreement that includes provisions to address the applicable standards and a mitigation plan to address impacts to public roads caused by construction and operation of the proposed use.

10. Impact Analysis. Description of the impacts that the proposed Land Use Change may cause, based upon the relevant standards and criteria of Article 5, *Standards and Criteria*, and a complete description of how the applicant will ensure that impacts will be mitigated and standards will be satisfied. The impact analysis shall include, but is not limited to, the following information:

a. Surface Water

- (1) Description and map of surface water bodies in the area affected by the proposed use including existing water quality, and uses of those water bodies.
- (2) Description of impacts of the proposed use on surface water quality or quantity.
- (3) Description of mitigation techniques that will be used to prevent significant degradation of the quality and quantity of surface water resources.

b. Ground Water

- (1) Description and map of ground water affected by the proposed use including affected water wells, aquifers, designated uses of ground water and ground water quality.
- (2) Description of impacts of the proposed use on ground water quantity or quality.
- (3) Description of mitigation techniques that will be used to prevent significant degradation of the quality and quantity of ground water resources.

c. Air Quality

- (1) Description of air quality affected by the proposed use.
- (2) Description of impacts to air quality.

- (3) Description of mitigation techniques that will be used to prevent significant degradation of air quality.

d. Wildlife and Wildlife Habitat

- (1) Description of wildlife and wildlife habitat affected by the proposed use, including terrestrial and aquatic game and non-game species and livestock, and migration routes.
- (2) Description of impacts to wildlife and wildlife habitat.
- (3) Description of mitigation techniques that will be used to prevent significant degradation of wildlife and wildlife habitat.

e. Glare, Dust and Noise.

- (1) Description of existing levels of glare, dust and noise in the area affected by the proposed use.
- (2) Description of increase in levels of glare, dust and noise associated with the proposed use.
- (3) Description of mitigation techniques that will be used to prevent objectionable levels of glare, dust and noise.

f. Agricultural Lands.

- (1) Description of agricultural lands affected by the proposed use including a description of agricultural operations and levels of production.
- (2) Description of impacts to agricultural lands.
- (3) Description of mitigation techniques that will be used to prevent significant adverse impacts to agricultural lands and agricultural operations.

g. Important Areas

- (1) Description of areas of paleontological, historic or archaeological importance affected by the proposed use.
- (2) Description of the impacts to areas of paleontological, historic or archaeological importance affected by the proposed use.

- (3) Description of mitigation techniques that will be used to prevent significant degradation of areas of paleontological, historic or archaeological importance affected by the proposed use.

h. Recreational Resources

- (1) Description of recreational opportunities and experiences affected by the proposed use including fishing, hunting, hiking or other resources, the number of recreational user days and the revenue generated by a particular recreational use.
- (2) Description of the impacts to recreational opportunities and experiences affected by the proposed use.
- (3) Description of mitigation techniques that will be used to prevent significant adverse effects on the quality and quantity of recreational resources.

i. Local Government Facilities and Services.

- (1) Description of government services and capital facilities that will be affected by the construction and operation of the proposed use such as law enforcement, emergency response, water supply, roads and other facilities and services necessary to respond to or serve the proposed use.
- (2) Description of the impact of the proposed use on government services and capital facilities, the capability of local governments to provide the necessary facilities and services.
- (3) Description of planned mitigation to eliminate or minimize significant adverse effects on the capability of local government to provide services. If impacts cannot be fully mitigated, the applicant may be required to pay a mutually agreed upon impact fee. The owner or operator shall provide all necessary training to ensure provision of emergency services during construction and operation of the proposed use.

11. The Administrator may request additional information consistent with the requirements of the Yuma County Land Use Code that may be required to evaluate the proposed Land Use Change. The Administrator may waive or alter any of these minimum requirements if they are determined to be inappropriate or unnecessary to determining if the application satisfies applicable standards.
12. **Materials Required for Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations Subject to Federal and State Confined Animal Feeding Operations Control Regulations.** Concentrated animal feeding operations subject Animal Feeding Operations Control Regulation 5 CCR 1002-81, and 5 CCR 102-61 must obtain the applicable state permits after receiving approval of an application for Major Land Use Permit from the County. Any changes in the original plan submitted to the county, needs to be brought back to the county for approval. The County may accept the state permit application and supporting materials in lieu of the permit application requirements for Major Land Use Permit set forth under this Section 4-104 B.
13. **Additional Materials Required for Wind Energy Facility.** In addition to the information required in Section 4-104 B 1-3 and B5-10, an application for a Major Land Use Permit for a Wind Energy Facility shall include the following information:
 - a. **Facility Owner/Operator Information.** Contact information for facility owners and operators, and all other pertinent party associated with the Wind Energy Facility.
 - b. **Location Map.** In lieu of a vicinity map, the Applicant shall submit a location map, to scale, that illustrates the following:
 - (1) Location of the proposed Wind Energy Facility in the County.
 - (2) Location of all property for which a permit is being requested and of property within 500 feet of the exterior boundary of the site of the proposed Wind Energy Facility.
 - c. **Site Plan.** In addition to the site plan requirements in Section 4-104 B3, the site plan for applications for Wind Energy Facilities shall include the following elements:
 - (1) Location and dimensions for *each* Wind Turbine in

the proposed Wind Energy Facility, to the extent known. Prior to final approval of the permit by the

Board, Applicant shall designate the location and dimensions of each wind turbine.

- (a) Setbacks of the Wind Turbines from boundaries of the site and the distance between each Wind Turbine.
 - (b) Setbacks of all accessory buildings and structures.
 - (c) Detailed drawing or a photograph of each model of Wind Turbine under consideration to be installed as part of the Wind Energy Facility.
- d. **Phasing of Development.** An application proposing to phase development shall provide a description of each phase of development including the number of Wind Turbines and the accessory structures, infrastructure and interconnection requirements for each phase.
- e. **Utility and/or Transmission Interconnection.**
 - (1) Description of utility interconnection or electric transmission system interconnection.
 - (2) Copy of feasibility study request to applicable electric utility or electric transmission entity of intent to interconnect the Wind Energy Facility to the electric utility or electric transmission entity.
- f. **Geotechnical Report.** A Geotechnical Report that includes:
 - (1) Soils engineering and engineering geologic characteristics of the site based upon on-site sampling and testing.
 - (2) Foundation design criteria for all proposed structures.
 - (3) Slope stability analysis.
 - (4) Grading criteria for ground preparation, cuts and fills, and soil compaction.

- g. Notice to FAA.** If any Wind Turbine included in the proposed Wind Energy Facility has a system height over two hundred (200) feet or is located within twenty thousand (20,000) feet of the runway of an airport, the application shall be accompanied by a copy of the written notification to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA).
- h. Notice to Operation of Communication Link.** If any Wind Turbine included within the proposed Wind Energy Facility is located within two (2) miles of any microwave communications link, and/or remote telemetry the application shall be accompanied by a copy of the written notification to the operator of the communication link.
- i. Notice to Mineral Estate Owners.** Evidence that mineral estate owners have been provided with notice of the proposed development in compliance with Section 4-104D1c of this Code and C.R.S. § 24-65.5-103(1).
- j. Decommissioning Plan.** A Decommissioning Plan that includes the following information and elements:

 - (1) Anticipated life of the project.
 - (2) An estimate of the decommissioning costs certified by a Professional Engineer, to be updated every five (5) years following year fifteen (15).
 - (3) Description of financial assurance provisions relative to decommissioning process, in compliance with the requirements of Section 4-105, *Financial Assurance Requirements for Major Land Use*.
 - (4) Anticipated manner in which the project will be decommissioned and the site restored.
 - (5) Description of triggering events for decommissioning the Wind Energy Facility, or any aspect of the facility, upon 18 months of continuous non-operation of the facility or of any aspect of any facility, unless by force majeure.
 - (6) Provisions for the removal of structures, debris and cabling, including those below the soil surface down to twenty-four (24) inches.

- (7) Provisions for the restoration of the soil and vegetation.
- (8) A provision that decommissioning of the Wind Energy Facility will not interfere with surrounding land use.
- (9) A provision that the terms of the Decommissioning Plan shall be binding upon the Owner or Operator and any of their successors, assigns, or heirs; and
- (10) A provision that the County shall have access to the site, pursuant to reasonable notice, to effect or complete decommissioning.
- (11) A provision that the County shall have the right to review and reconsider the Wind Energy Facility Decommissioning Plan at the time of decommissioning

k. Proof of Liability Insurance. Proof of liability insurance in the form of a current general liability policy covering bodily injury and property damage with limits of at least \$1 million per occurrence and \$1 million in the aggregate.

l. Third Party Certifications. Certificates of design compliance with applicable industry standards obtained by the equipment manufacturers from Underwriters Laboratories, Det Norske Veritas, Germanischer Lloyd Wind Energie, or an equivalent third party certification body with expertise in the wind energy field.

C. REVIEW OF MAJOR LAND USE PERMIT APPLICATION MATERIALS BY ADMINISTRATOR. Following the preapplication conference described in Section 4-101(A), and the determination that the application is complete under Section 4-101(E) the following process will apply to review of a Major Land Use Permit

1. Evaluation of Application by Administrator. Within thirty (30) days of the date that the application was determined to be complete, the Administrator shall prepare a report that recommends approval, approval with conditions or denial of the application for a Major Land Use Permit. The report shall be forwarded to the applicant and to the Planning Commission prior to the Planning Commission public hearing where the application will be reviewed.

- 2. Review by Referral Agencies.** The Administrator shall request the professional analysis and recommendations of referral agencies, organizations, or technical consultants deemed appropriate and necessary to complete the review.
- a.** Upon determination of completeness, the Administrator shall cause the application materials or any portion thereof to be submitted for referral review and comment. The period for comment by the review agencies shall be 45 days from the date the application is deemed complete by the Administrator, unless an extension has been requested by the agency. The Administrator may grant an extension if it is determined that good cause for the delay has been shown. The failure of any agency to respond within the 45-day review period or within the period of extension shall not be deemed an approval of such plan by the referral agency.
 - b.** Applicant shall be responsible for direct payment of review fees charged by consultants and referral agencies.
 - c.** The applicant shall have the right to review the comments and recommendations received from the review agencies. The applicant may submit additional information and make changes in the application to respond to the comments of the review agencies, under the following conditions:
 - (1)** If the changes are substantial or significantly alter the nature, character or extent of the application, the Administrator may refer the information and revised application back to some or all review agencies for further comment; and
 - (2)** The Administrator may extend the period for comment as appropriate for the review, however; the period of time for review and final action by the Board shall not to exceed six (6) months from the date the application was determined to be complete.

D. PUBLIC HEARING AND RECOMMENDATION BY PLANNING COMMISSION.

- 1. Schedule and Notice of Planning Commission Public Hearing.**
- a. Schedule of Planning Commission Public Hearing.** The Administrator shall schedule the Major Land Use Permit application for review by the Planning Commission at a public hearing to be held not more than forty-five (45) days from the date that the application is deemed complete.

- b. **Notice to Adjacent Property Owners.** Not less than 10 days prior to the date of the Planning Commission public hearing on the application for a Major Land Use Permit, the Applicant shall notify property owners within 500 feet of the exterior boundary of the site by sending a written notice describing the proposed Land Use Change; site location and legal description by section, township and range; name of the Applicant; and setting forth the time, date and place of the Planning Commission public hearing.
 - c. **Notice to Mineral Estate Owners.** Not less than 30 days prior to the date of the Planning Commission hearing, the Applicant shall notify mineral estate owners on-site and within 500 feet of the boundaries of the site where the development will occur by sending a written notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, describing the proposed Land Use Change; site location and legal description by section, township and range; name of applicant; and setting forth the time, date and place of the Planning Commission hearing on the Major Land Use permit application.
 - d. **Publication of Notice of Planning Commission Public Hearing** The County shall arrange for notice of the Planning Commission public hearing on the application for the Major Land Use Permit be published at least 14 days prior to the date of the public hearing in a newspaper of general circulation setting forth the time, date and place of the hearing.
 - e. **Posting on the Site.** Not less than 14 days prior to the date of the Planning Commission public hearing on the application for a Major Land Use Permit, the applicant shall post a notice of the proposed Land Use Change on the site describing the time, date and location of the Planning Commission public hearing.
2. **Public Hearing by Planning Commission.** The Major Land Use Permit Application shall be considered by the Planning Commission at a public hearing to be held not more than 45 days from the date that the application is deemed complete by the Administrator. Following the public hearing, the Planning Commission shall recommend approval, approval with conditions, or denial of the application for a Major Land Use Permit based on the applicable standards and criteria in Article 5, *Standards and Criteria*.

E. PUBLIC HEARING AND ACTION BY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

1. Schedule and Notice of Board of County Commissioners Public Hearing.

- a. Schedule of Board of County Commissioner Public Hearing.** The Administrator shall schedule the Major Land Use permit application for review by the Board at a public hearing to be held not more than 30 days from the date of the Planning Commission recommendation on the application.
- b. Notice to Adjacent Property Owners.** Not less than 10 days prior to the date of the Board public hearing on the Major Land Use Permit application, the County shall notify property owners and mineral estate owners within 500 feet of the exterior boundary of the site by sending a written notice describing the proposed Land Use Change and setting forth the time, date and place of the Board hearing.
- c. Notice to Mineral Estate Owners.** Not less than 30 days prior to the date of the Board hearing, the Applicant shall notify mineral estate owners on-site and within 500 feet of the boundaries of the site where the development will occur by sending a written notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, describing the proposed Land Use Change; site location and legal description by section, township and range; name of applicant; and setting forth the time, date and place of the Board hearing on the Minor Land Use permit application.
- d. Publication of Notice of Board of County Commissioner Public Hearing.** The County shall arrange for notice of the Board of County Commissioners public hearing on the application for a Major Land Use Permit to be published at least 14 days prior to the date of the public hearing in a newspaper of general circulation setting forth the time, date and place of the hearing. .
- e. Posting on the Site.** The Applicant shall post a notice of the proposed Land Use Change on the site at least 14 days prior to the Board hearing on the application for the Major Land Use Permit describing the time, date and location of the Public Hearing by the Board of County Commissioners.

2. **Board of County Commissioners Public Hearing.** The Board of County Commissioners shall hold a public hearing to consider the application for a Major Land Use Permit and shall hear evidence regarding compliance with the relevant standards and criteria in Article 5, *Standards and Criteria* before taking an action on the application.
 - a. **Approval.** The application for a Major Land Use Permit may be approved if the application satisfies all of the relevant standards and criteria contained in Article 5, *Standards and Criteria*.
 - b. **Conditional Approval.** The application for a Major Land Use Permit may be approved with conditions if conditions are necessary to ensure compliance with this Code.
 - c. **Denial.** The application for a Major Land Use Permit shall be denied if the application does not satisfy all of the relevant standards and criteria contained in Article 5, *Standards and Criteria*.
3. **Activity Notice Required for Construction of Any Wind Energy Facility.** An Activity Notice shall be obtained for all new buildings and structures comprising the Wind Energy Facility, including each Wind Turbine, prior to beginning construction.

F. MAJOR ELECTRICAL OR NATURAL GAS FACILITY SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS. The following special requirements are imposed by state law, and shall apply to applications for a Land Use Permit for a Major Electrical or Natural Gas Facility subject to Public Utilities Commission jurisdiction, **as that term is defined by Section 29-20-108 C.R.S.** and in Article 10, *Definitions* of this Code.

1. **Notice.** A public utility or power authority shall notify the Administrator of its plans to site a Major Electrical or Natural Gas Facility prior to submitting the permit application, but in no event later than filing a request for a certificate of public convenience and necessity pursuant to Article 5 of Title 40, C.R.S., or the filing of any annual filing with the public utilities commission that proposes or recognizes the need for construction of a new facility or the extension of an existing facility. If a public utility or power authority is not required to obtain a certificate of public convenience and necessity pursuant to Article 5 of Title 40, C.R.S., or file annually with the public utilities commission to notify the public utilities commission of proposed construction of a new

facility or the extension of an existing facility, then the public utility or power authority shall notify the County of its intention to site a Major Electrical or Natural Gas Facility when such utility or authority determines that it intends to proceed to permit and construct the facility. During the pre-application meeting, the public utility or power authority shall consult with the Administrator to identify the specific routes or geographic locations under consideration and attempt to resolve land use issues that may arise from the contemplated permit application.

2. **Alternatives Analysis.** In addition to the alternatives described within its permit application, the public utility or power authority shall consider and present reasonable siting and design alternatives to the local government or explain why no reasonable alternatives are available.
3. **Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity from PUC.** Applicant shall provide documentation that the public utility or power authority has applied for or obtained a certificate of public convenience and necessity from the Public Utilities Commission, pursuant to Article 5, Title 40, C.R.S. and Section 29-20-108, C.R.S.
4. **Statutory Timeframe for Approval of Major Electrical Facility.** Within one hundred twenty (120) days after submission of a completed application for a Major Electrical Facility, the County shall decide whether to approve, approve with conditions or deny the application. If the County does not take final action within such time, the application shall be deemed approved. Nothing in these provisions shall be construed to supersede any timeline set by agreement between the County and a public utility or power authority applying for approval of a Major Electrical Facility.
5. **Appeal of Denial of Application for Major Electrical or Natural Gas Facility.** If the County denies a permit or application of a public utility or power authority that relates to the location, construction, or improvement of Major Electrical or Natural Gas Facilities, or if the County imposes requirements or conditions upon such permit or application that will unreasonably impair the ability of the public utility or power authority to provide safe, reliable, and economical service to the public, the public utility or power authority may appeal the County action to the public utilities commission for a determination under Section 40-4-102, C.R.S., so long as one or more of the following conditions exist:

- (1) The public utility or power authority has applied for or has obtained a certificate of public convenience and necessity from the public utilities commission pursuant to Section 40-5-101, C.R.S., to construct the Major Electrical or Natural Gas Facility that is the subject of the local government action;
 - (2) A certificate of public convenience and necessity is not required for the public utility or power authority to construct the Major Electrical or Natural Gas Facility that is the subject of the local government action; or
 - (3) The public utilities commission has previously entered an order pursuant Section 40-4-102, C.R.S., that conflicts with the local government action.
6. **Notice of Approval by the County.** The County shall provide written notice of approval to the Public Utilities Commission and to the concerned electric utility and/or electric transmission entity.

SECTION 4-105 FINANCIAL ASSURANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR MAJOR LAND USE

FINANCIAL SECURITY

The Applicant shall provide sufficient financial guarantee to assure timely and full completion of the project, mitigation requirements and permit conditions in connection with the Land Use Permit approval.

A. FORM OF FINANCIAL ASSURANCE.

1. The applicant shall provide financial assurance in the form of one or more of the following, at the discretion of the Board of County Commissioners: self bond; a surety bond; a federally insured certificate of deposit; government-backed securities; or cash. Evidence of the selected form(s) of financial assurance shall be included with the application materials.
2. The Board may reject the proposed forms of financial assurance if the evidence submitted does not adequately assure that the required funds will be available. The Applicant shall be notified in writing within 60 days of receipt of the evidence of financial assurance of the decision to accept or reject the proposed form(s) of financial assurance.

- B. AMOUNT OF FINANCIAL ASSURANCE.** The Applicant shall provide to the County a guarantee of financial security in an amount established by the Board based on no less than 125 percent (125%) of the estimated cost of the project, and payable on demand to the County. Financial assurance amount may be recalculated on a yearly basis at the discretion of the Board of County Commissioners.
- C. CANCELLATION OF BOND AFTER BOARD CONSENT.** Any bond or other form of financial assurance may be canceled by a surety upon consent of the Board of County Commissioners, after ninety (90) days written notice to the Board, when such cancellation will not detract from or otherwise diminish the purpose of the security.

ARTICLE 5 STANDARDS AND CRITERIA

The applicant for a Land Use Permit must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the County that the Land Use Change will comply with the relevant standards and criteria in this Article 5.

SECTION 5-101 GENERAL STANDARDS.

The following General Standards shall apply to all Land Use Permits.

- A. COMPATIBILITY.** The nature, scale, and intensity of the proposed use are compatible with adjacent land uses and will not result in an adverse impact to adjacent land.

- B. ROADWAYS AND ACCESS.**
 - 1.** All lots and parcels shall have access to a public right-of-way or approved access agreement.

 - 2.** Access to and from the use shall be safe and in conformance with access standards set forth in the County Road and Bridge Standards as adopted, and as amended from time to time (“Road and Bridge Standards”).

 - 3.** Roads serving the proposed use shall have the capacity to accept the additional traffic generated by the use safely and efficiently.

 - 4.** All new roads shall be constructed in conformance with the Road and Bridge Standards.

 - 5.** The use shall not cause traffic congestion or unsafe traffic conditions

 - 6.** The construction and operation of the use shall not cause damage to County roads or cause an increase in cost to the County to maintain the roads. The applicant shall work with Yuma County Road and Bridge to ensure the proper maintenance and repair of all County roads utilized by the proposed use.

 - 7.** Adequate turning radii shall be installed at all entrances to accommodate large truck movement.

 - 8.** Off-street parking and loading zones shall be surfaced with gravel or the equivalent and shall be graded to prevent drainage problems.

 - 9.** Staging activities and parking of equipment and vehicles shall occur on-site and on private rights-of-way, and shall be prohibited on maintained County roads.

- C. **COMPLIANCE WITH COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AND INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS.** The use is consistent with relevant provisions of the Yuma County Comprehensive Plan and any intergovernmental agreement between the County and a municipality that applies to the area where the use will occur.
- D. **WATER AND WASTEWATER SERVICE.** The proposed use shall be served by adequate water and wastewater service. The applicant must provide a letter of approval from the State Engineer documenting that the proposed water supply is adequate to serve the proposed use. The applicant must provide a letter of approval from the Northeast Colorado Health Department documenting that the wastewater system is adequate to serve the proposed use.
- E. **SERVICE DELIVERY SYSTEM CAPACITY.** The use shall not have a significant adverse effect on the capability of local government to provide services or exceed the capacity of service delivery systems.
 - 1. **LAND DEDICATION.** If the application shows that the use will cause a need for parks or schools, the County may require the developer to dedicate to the County either land or a fee in lieu of land in an amount necessary to satisfy the need caused by the use.
 - 2. **IMPACT FEES.** If the application shows that there will be unmitigated impacts to County roads or other County capital facilities caused by the use, the County may assess an impact fee in the amount necessary to offset the impact to roads or other capital facilities.
- F. **EROSION.** Erosion and sedimentation control measures that ensure that disturbed areas and soil stockpiles are stabilized during construction shall be implemented. Disturbed areas shall be controlled within one growing season, pursuant to an approved vegetation plan by Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS).

SECTION 5-102 RESOURCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION STANDARDS.

The following standards shall apply **only** to Minor Land Use Permits and Major Land Use Permits.

- A. **WATER QUALITY PROTECTION.** The use shall not cause significant degradation of the quality of surface or ground water resources. Groundwater pollution control measures shall be implemented that prevent the discharge of pollutants from the activity into groundwater. If

the applicable State or Federal Regulations governing the proposed use do not address the protection of ground water, the County may require a water quality monitoring plan and reporting plan designed for the early detection of an impact to water quality associated with the project.

- B. VISUAL IMPACTS.** The use shall preserve views and vistas, and the design of the use shall be compatible with the surrounding natural environment.
- C. AIR QUALITY.** The use shall not cause air quality to be reduced below levels established by the Colorado Air Pollution Control Division.
- D. WILDLIFE.** The proposed use shall not significantly degrade the wildlife or wildlife habitat.
- E. GLARE, DUST, ODOR OR NOISE.** The use shall not cause objectionable glare, dust, odor, or noise to surrounding properties. This section is not intended to alter CRS 35-3.5-102 which states an agricultural operation shall not be found to be a public or private nuisance if the agricultural operation alleged to be a nuisance employs methods or practices that are commonly or reasonably associated with agricultural production.
 - a.** The proposed use shall comply with the statutory provisions for maximum permissible noise levels in Section 25-12-103, C.R.S.
 - b.** Fugitive dust and particulate emissions shall be controlled on the site.
 - c.** Waste materials shall be handled, stored, and disposed of in a manner that controls fugitive dust, fugitive particulate conditions, blowing debris and other potential nuisance conditions.
- F. IMPORTANT AREAS.** The use shall not significantly degrade areas of paleontological, historic, or archaeological importance. If the site of the proposed use includes or potentially affects known areas of historic, paleontological or archaeological resources, applicant shall coordinate with the State Historic Preservation Office to minimize and or avoid impacts during construction.
- G. RECREATION IMPACTS.** The use shall not have a significant adverse effect on the quality or quantity of recreational opportunities and experience within the County, including but not limited to hunting, fishing, hiking, and similar recreational activities.
- H. DRAINAGE / STORMWATER RUN-OFF.** Run-off shall be managed in accordance with all applicable County, State, and Federal regulations.

Run-off shall be kept on the site in a stormwater detention system approved by the County, and waters in excess of historic run-off shall be prevented from leaving the site during construction and after site development.

- I. **PROTECTION OF AGRICULTURAL LANDS.** The use will not have a significant adverse impact on agricultural lands and agricultural operations.

SECTION 5-103 SITE DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS.

The following Site Development Standards shall apply to Minor and Major Land Use Permits.

- A. **GENERAL SITE PLANNING STANDARDS.**
 - 1. A proposed site plan or preliminary plan shall design and locate roads, driveways, lot lines, building sites and utility corridors to preserve to the maximum extent feasible the natural features of the site, avoid areas of environmental sensitivity, and minimize adverse visual impacts.
 - 2. The site shall be adequate in size and shape to accommodate the proposed use and all appurtenant facilities.
- B. **STRUCTURAL LOCATION STANDARDS.** The location of structures shall complement the natural topography and use natural topography and existing vegetation.
- C. **LOT SIZE.** No Land Use Change shall be approved on a lot smaller than 2.5 acres in size unless the lot will be served by a public wastewater treatment system or the applicant demonstrates to the satisfaction of the County that a smaller lot size will not cause wastewater treatment and/or environmental health concerns, taking into consideration the proposed technology, soil conditions and topography, the proximity of drinking water wells, and related factors.
- D. **HEIGHT RESTRICTIONS.** Heights of structures shall comply with State and Federal Regulations, FAA & FCC Regulations. There shall be no interference with established airport flight paths or structural height restrictions within airport influence zones.
- E. **SETBACKS FROM SITE BOUNDARIES.** Unless otherwise provided in these regulations, the following minimum setbacks from boundaries of the site shall be required for any structure regulated by this Code.

1. **Measurement.** Front, rear and side setbacks shall be measured as the distance between the nearest lot line and the foundation of a structure, along a line at right angles to the lot line. Where no minimum front, side or rear yards are specified for large parcels, a setback line shall parallel the corresponding lot line.
2. **Residential Setbacks**
 - a. **Residential - Single Family Dwellings**
 - (1) **Minimum setback requirements.**
 - (a) front yard setback
 - (i) arterial 20 feet
 - (ii) major collector 20 feet
 - (iii) local 20 feet
 - (b) side yard setback 5 feet
 - (c) rear yard setback
 - (i) principal uses 25 feet
 - (ii) accessory uses 5 feet
3. **CAFO Setbacks.** Set back for any CAFO or industrial operation shall be one mile from the nearest occupied structure unless a variance by all associated parties has been signed and filed with the County Recorder.
4. **Industrial Setbacks.** Unless applicable Federal or State Regulations governing a proposed industrial use have specific setback requirements the minimum setback for any industrial activity or structure intended for industrial purposes shall be 100 feet from the boundaries of the site or 1.5 times the height of the structure which ever is larger. In addition, a larger setback may be required for a specific type of industrial activity under this Code.
5. **Excavation Setbacks.** Excavations associated with gravel pits or other mining operations shall not be permitted within 100 feet of the boundaries of the site or the setback established by the Mined Land Reclamation Board, whichever is greater.

SECTION 5-104 ADDITIONAL STANDARDS FOR CERTAIN USES.

- A. ADDITIONAL STANDARDS FOR COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL USES.** In addition to the other applicable standards and criteria in this Article 5, the following standards shall apply to any commercial and industrial development.
- 1. Outdoor Storage and Disposal.** Storage areas shall be screened from view by fencing or landscaping and all flammable or explosive materials shall be stored in accordance with state and federal laws.
 - 2. Smoke and Particles.** Smoke and particulate emissions shall not exceed applicable air quality standards.
 - 3. Vibration.** Every use shall be operated so that the ground vibration generated is not perceptible, without instruments, at the boundaries of the site.
 - 4. Lighting.** Exterior lighting shall be designed so that rays are emitted downward onto the site.
 - 5. Hours of operation.** Hours of operation shall be established to minimize impacts to adjacent land uses.
 - 6. Roadway System.** Impacts to the County roadway system associated with hauling, truck traffic and equipment use shall be mitigated through roadway improvements or fees, or both.
- B. Standards Applicable to Operations and Facilities Regulated by State and Federal Confined Animal Feeding Operations Control Regulations.**
- 1. Compliance with State and Federal Laws, Permits and Requirements.** Concentrated animal feeding operations subject to the state Confined Animal Feeding Operations Control Regulation No. 81, 5 CCR 1002-81, and 5CCR 1002-61 must obtain the applicable state and federal permits and must be constructed and operated in compliance with the state and federal laws, permits and requirements, which shall be made a condition of approval of the permit application. Non-compliance with state or federal laws, permits and requirements shall be a violation of this Land Use Code and subject to the enforcement provisions.
 - 2. Water Quality Monitoring.** The applicant may be required to submit a plan to the County for water quality monitoring for the life of the facility designed for early detection of an impact to

water quality associated with the project if the County can show a higher risk for the facility than Federal and/or State regulations has taken into account.

The use shall not cause significant degradation of the quality of surface or ground water resources. Groundwater pollution control measures shall be implemented that prevent the discharge of pollutants from the activity into groundwater. Should the associated State or Federal Regulations governing an activity not address the protection of ground water, the County may require a water quality monitoring plan for the life of the facility, designed for the early detection of an impact to water quality associated with the project.

3. **Location Restrictions.** Concentrated animal feeding operations shall be located at least one mile from any public place of assembly, from any existing residence or occupied commercial building, any county or municipal residential zone, or from any residential building site for which a building permit has been issued, as measured from the permitted building footprint; unless a variance has been signed by all affected parties and filed with the County Recorder.
4. **Additional Requirements for Facility Construction and Operation.** In addition to state and federal regulation and permit requirements for construction and operation of concentrated animal feeding operations, the County, after showing there is more risk than the Federal and/or State regulations has taken into account, may impose conditions that it deems necessary to protect the County's natural resources and prevent conditions which constitute a health and safety risk to neighboring land owners.

C. **ADDITIONAL STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO ALL MINING OPERATIONS.** In addition to the other standards and criteria in this Article, the following standards shall apply to mining operations unless the standard has been waived pursuant to Section 5-104(D)(8), *Technical Infeasibility Waiver*.

1. **Compliance with State and Federal Requirements.** All mining activities shall be conducted in accordance with applicable state and federal standards, conditions and permits, which shall be made a condition of approval of any mining operation.
2. **Roads.**
 - a. **Impact Mitigation.** The mining operator or owner shall bear the proportionate cost of all road and bridge improvements, repairs, and maintenance necessitated by the proposed mining operation.

6. **Wildlife.** Mining operations shall not be located in significant wildlife habitat areas as defined by the Colorado Division of Wildlife.

7. **Technical Infeasibility Waiver.** One or more of the Standards for Mining Operations may be waived by the Administrator if the applicant demonstrates to the satisfaction of the County that it is technically impracticable to comply with the standard(s). To be granted a waiver from a standard for technical impracticability, the burden is on the applicant to demonstrate the following with clear and convincing evidence:
 - a. **No Technology Available.** There is no technology generally available to conduct the mining operation in compliance with the County standard, and the applicant will implement the best available technology to conduct the mining operation in compliance with the County standards to the maximum extent feasible; or

 - b. **Conflict with State or Federal Regulation.** Conduct of the mining operation in compliance with the County standard would result in an irreconcilable conflict with a mandatory state or federal mining regulation, condition or other requirement, and:
 - (1) The state or federal requirement cannot be waived; and

 - (2) Compliance with both the state or federal requirement and the County standard is not technically possible; and

 - (3) The applicant will design, construct and operate the mining operation in compliance with County standards to the maximum extent feasible.

 - c. **Additional Conditions Necessary to Obtain a Technical Infeasibility Waiver.** No Technical Infeasibility Waiver shall be granted unless:
 - (1) The waiver will not cause substantial injury to the owner or occupant of adjacent land(s).

 - (2) The waiver will not cause substantial injury to the environment.

D. ADDITIONAL STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO UTILITIES. In addition to the other standards and criteria in this article, the following standards shall apply to utilities that are not Major Electrical or Natural Gas Facilities.

- 1. Disruption of Services Avoided.** Areas around facilities of a public utility shall be administered so as to minimize disruption of the service provided by the public utility.
- 2. Community Patterns.** Utilities shall be located so as to preserve desirable existing community patterns.
- 3. Underground location.** Utilities shall be located underground unless geologic conditions prevent underground installation. Where utilities are installed underground, and if located in the right-of-way they shall be at a depth of at least twenty-four (24) inches, or as required by Yuma County Road and Bridge.
- 4. Restoration.** Any disturbed portion of the right-of-way shall be restored as nearly as possible to its condition immediately prior to utility construction, improvements, location or relocation, and to the satisfaction of Yuma County Road and Bridge. Back filling shall be made in six-inch lifts, mechanically tamped and packed, and the last twelve (12) inches shall be crushed rock or gravel.
- 5. Safety.** Safety measures shall be implemented to the satisfaction of Yuma County Road and Bridge, and in accordance with state and federal requirements to protect the public from harm during utility construction, improvements, location or relocation.
- 6. Roadway crossing.** When the installation crosses a roadway, it shall be located as perpendicular to the roadway as physically practical and installed by boring or jacking beneath the road surface, or as required by Yuma County Road and Bridge.
- 7. Cuts.** Open cuts across a roadway will be allowed, subject to conditions imposed by Yuma County Road and Bridge only if, in the opinion of Yuma County Road and Bridge, boring is not possible. Where a cut is allowed, it shall be filled with gravel compacted in 5-inch lifts to a density of ninety-five (95) percent of surrounding soils. Any compaction tests shall be conducted by Yuma County Road and Bridge at the expense of the applicant.

8. **As-built drawings.** Certified as-built drawings shall be provided to the County once the utility construction, improvements, location or relocation has been completed.
9. **Notice to Proceed.** No work associated with the utility construction, improvements, location or relocation shall commence until a permit and notice to proceed have been granted by the County.

E. ADDITIONAL STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITIES.

1. **Telecommunications Act.** All telecommunications facilities shall comply with the standards of this Code, all applicable standards of the Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996, and all applicable requirements of the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA).
2. **Residential Setbacks.** Telecommunications facilities and towers shall be set back from all residentially zoned or used property by a minimum of two hundred (200) feet, or two hundred (200) percent of the height of the proposed tower or facility, whichever is greater. Setback requirements shall be measured from the outside perimeter of the base of the tower, and every other vertical component of the telecommunications facilities or tower higher than ten (10) feet, to any portion of the other property. If notice to the affected property owner is given, the County may reduce any such setback by up to twenty-five (25) percent only if such reduction is necessary to reduce the visual impact of the tower.
3. **Setback from the Property Line, Nonresidential.** All telecommunication facilities and transmission towers shall be set back a minimum of eighty-five (85) feet from the property line or at a 2:1 ratio (two (2) feet of setback for every foot of tower height from the property boundary of the facility) which ever is greater unless a variance from the affected property owner is granted.
4. **New Towers and Facilities.** No new transmission tower or facility shall be permitted unless the applicant demonstrates to the satisfaction of the County that no existing tower, structure or utility facility can be used by the applicant. To gain approval to construct a new transmission tower or facility, the applicant must demonstrate that:
 - a. No existing transmission tower, facility or utility structure is located within a distance which meets the applicant's engineering requirements; or

- b. No existing transmission tower, facility or utility structure is located within a distance which meets the applicant's engineering requirements and which has sufficient structural strength or space available to support the applicant's telecommunication facility and related equipment; or
 - c. Existing facilities would interfere with the applicant's uses such that co-location is not possible; or
 - d. No owner of existing towers, structures or utility structures within a distance that meets the applicant's engineering requirements will allow the applicant to place its telecommunication facility thereon.
5. **Structural and Engineering Standards.** The applicant shall submit evidence concerning structural and engineering standards prepared by a Colorado registered professional engineer. The safety of the property and the neighborhood shall be protected.
 6. **Interference.** Every transmission tower and telecommunication facility shall meet the regulations of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) regarding physical and electromagnetic interference.
 7. **Health Standards.** Transmission towers and telecommunication facilities shall meet applicable health and safety standards for electromagnetic field (EMF) emissions as established by the FCC and/or any other federal or state agency having jurisdiction.
 8. **Public Utility Structures.** Transmission towers or telecommunication facilities mounted on existing structures of public utilities that have a franchise or other written permission from the County and use concealed transmission towers and telecommunication facilities are permitted in all non-residential areas, unless otherwise specified by this Code. The County may approve the placement, extension or replacement of a transmission tower or telecommunication facility on an existing public utility structure up to fifty (50) feet above the highest point on the same; the County may waive public notice and other submittal requirement if the Administrator believes that the public interest will not be harmed by such a waiver.
 9. **Lighting and Signage.** The location of the lighting fixture(s) shall be such that the lights do not shine directly on any public right-of-way.

- 10. Modification or Demolition.** Any transmission tower or telecommunications facility being modified, demolished or rebuilt shall be brought into compliance with the standards adopted in this Code.
- 11. Maintenance.** Every owner of a transmission tower or telecommunications facility shall take special care to operate, repair and maintain all such facilities so as to prevent failures and accidents which cause damage, injuries or nuisances to the neighborhood and public. All wires, cables, fixtures and other equipment shall be installed in compliance with the requirements of the National Electric Safety Code and all FCC, FAA, state and local regulations, and in such a manner that will not interfere with radio communications, electronic transmissions or all other electromagnetic communications or otherwise cause a safety hazard.
- 12. Abandonment.** The wireless telecommunication facility owner shall remove all wireless telecommunications facilities which are not in use for any six (6)-month period, within three (3) months of the end of such six (6) month abandonment. As a part of such removal, the owner shall re-vegetate the site so that it is compatible with the neighborhood. The Board of County Commissioners shall only determine abandonment after the owner has had notice and an opportunity to be heard.
- 13. Federal Aviation Agency (“FAA”) Form.** The applicant shall submit FAA Form 7460-1, Notice of Proposed Construction or Alteration, except that such form shall not be required for the following:

 - a.** An amateur radio antennae if owned and operated by a federally licensed amateur radio operator or used exclusively for a receive-only antennae.
 - b.** Any existing tower and antennae, provided a building permit was issued for a tower or antennae prior to the adoption of this Code.
 - c.** Any emergency telecommunications facilities used exclusively for emergency services including, but not limited to, police, fire and operation of governmental entities.
 - d.** Any antennae used for Federal Communications Commission (FCC) licensees engaged in AM, FM or television broadcasting.

F. ADDITIONAL CRITERIA APPLICABLE TO SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL SITES. In addition to the other standards in this Article 5, the following additional standards shall apply to solid waste disposal sites:

1. **Recycling and Conservation.** Solid waste disposal sites shall be developed in accordance with sound conservation practices and shall emphasize, where feasible, the recycling of waste materials.
2. **Certificate of Designation.** Solid waste disposal sites shall comply with state laws and regulations applicable to Solid Waste Disposal Sites and shall receive a Certificate of Designation from the County in accordance with state requirements.

G. ADDITIONAL STANDARDS FOR CLUSTER DEVELOPMENT. In addition to the other standards in this Article 5, the following additional standards shall apply to cluster development:

1. **Protection of Agricultural Land and Rural Character.** Proposed division and development of the land minimizes the impacts of residential development on agricultural lands and agricultural operations, and maintains the rural character of lands.
2. **Preservation of Productive Land.** Proposed division and development of the land maintains the opportunity for agricultural production on the most productive and viable parcels of land.
3. **Clustered Lots.** Buildable lots shall be clustered.
4. **Restoration of Topsoil and Landscape.** Topsoil shall be replaced and the landscape revegetated with native plant materials of adequate quantity and quality within one growing season after disturbance of the area.
5. **Roads, Water and Wastewater Services.** Where well water is used, the annual withdrawal rate shall not exceed the rate of one acre-foot for each thirty- five acres within the cluster development unless a water augmentation plan is approved. One well shall be allowed per residential lot in accordance with section 30-28-404 C.R.S.
6. **Use and Density.** The proposed division of land is for single family purpose only, and residential density does not exceed two (2) residential units for every thirty-five (35) acres or one residential unit per seventeen and one-half (17 ½) acres.

H. ADDITIONAL STANDARDS FOR MOBILE HOMES.

1. **Mobile Homes Manufactured Prior to 1976.** If mobile homes manufactured prior to 1976 are brought into Yuma County the owner must place in escrow with the County Treasurer \$1,000 for possible removal costs if abandoned by the owner. Escrow shall be refunded if mobile home is moved from the county or properly disposed of.
2. **Approved Land Use.** The mobile home is located in compliance with the provisions of this Code.
3. **Installation of Mobile Home Unit Complies with Tie Down and Skirting Standards.** The proposed blocking and tie down will be adequate and safe.
 - a. All double-wide mobile homes shall be installed and secured in accordance with applicable state and County regulations and manufacturer requirements.
 - b. All single-wide mobile homes shall be installed and secured in accordance with applicable state and County regulations and manufacturer requirements.
 - c. Single-wide and double-wide mobile homes shall be equipped with skirting of a rigid material, which shall be installed within forty-five (45) days after the mobile home has been moved to its site.
4. **Utility Connections.** The proposed connections for water supply, sewage disposal, electricity and gas will be adequate and safe.
5. **Address.** The street address, or space numbers or letters, will be visible from the access street both during the day and at night.
6. **Steps.** There will be safe and approved steps, landings, handrails and guardrails.

I. ADDITIONAL STANDARDS FOR WIND ENERGY FACILITY. In addition to the standards in Sections 5-101, 5-102 and 5-103 of this Article, the following standards shall apply to Wind Energy Facilities:

1. **Industry Standards, and State and Federal Requirements.** Wind turbines, their components and appurtenant facilities shall conform to applicable industry standards, including those of the American National Standards Institute and National Electrical

Commission, and shall comply with all relevant state and federal requirements.

2. **Artificial Lighting.** Wind turbines and appurtenant structures shall not be artificially lit except to the extent required by the FAA or other applicable authority.
3. **Setbacks.**
 - a. **Measurement.** Front, rear and side setbacks shall be measured as the distance between the nearest lot line and center of the foundation of a structure, along a line at right angles to the lot line.
 - b. **Safety Setbacks.** Unless otherwise required by federal or state regulations, the following minimum setbacks shall apply to each Wind Turbine comprising the Wind Energy Facility.

	MINIMUM SETBACK
Setback of Wind Turbine from above-ground public electric power lines or communication lines ¹	2 times system height
Setback of Wind Turbine from public road or highway or railroad ²	2 times system height
Setback of Wind Turbine from public road or highway with ADT of 7,000 or more ³	2 times system height or 420 feet, whichever is greater
Setback of Wind Turbine from an inhabited structure located on-site, including residence, school, hospital, church or public library.	2 times system height, or 1000 feet, whichever is greater
Setback of Wind Turbine from an inhabited structure located outside the site boundary, including residence, school, hospital, church or public library.	2 times the system height or 2000 feet from the property line, whichever is greater
Setback from all other property lines, unless appropriate easements are secured from adjacent property owners or other acceptable mitigation is approved by the Board.	2 times system height or 1000 feet, whichever is greater
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Measured from the outer boundary of the public utility right-of way or easement [or from existing power line or telephone line] 2. Measured from the outer boundary of the public road/highway right-of-way or railroad right-of-way 3. Average daily trips, based on traffic field measurements [determined by CDOT or County] 	

- c. Scenic Resource Setback.** Wind Turbines comprising the Wind Energy Facility shall be setback a minimum of ¼ mile from any highway eligible or designated to be a scenic highway or roadway by the Yuma County Comprehensive Plan or by the state.

 - (1) A scenic resource protection setback requirement may be reduced to 2 times the total Wind Turbine height if the Board determines that the characteristics of the surrounding property eliminate or substantially reduce considerations of scenic value.

 - d. Waiver or Reduction of Setback.** The Board at its discretion may consider an applicant’s proposal for waiver or reduction of setback. If the application is approved with a setback waiver or reduction, the approved setback shall be specified in the approval. The burden is upon the applicant to demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that:

 - (1) The proposed waiver or reduction of setback is justified; and
 - (2) The public interest will not be harmed by the proposed waiver or reduction of setback; and
 - (3) The proposed Wind Energy Facility otherwise complies with the applicable standards.
- 4. Minimum Ground Clearance.** The blade tip of any Wind Turbine shall, at its lowest point, have ground clearance of no less than seventy-five (75) feet.
- 5. Safety and Security.**
- a.** Fencing, or other barriers acceptable to the County, shall be installed to prevent unauthorized access to the Wind Energy Facility electrical interconnection facilities.
 - b.** All wiring between Wind Turbines and the Wind Energy Facility substation shall be underground.
 - c.** Guy wires shall be distinctly marked and fenced on all permanent towers.
 - d.** All access doors to Wind Turbine towers and electrical equipment shall be lockable and remain locked when unattended.

- e. Signs warning of the electrical hazard and other hazards associated with the Wind Energy Facility shall be posted at the base of each Wind Turbine tower, electrical equipment, and at the entrance of the Wind Energy Facility.
 - f. A security patrol or other security measure may be required if it is determined to be necessary and appropriate to ensure public safety.
6. **Fire Protection.** The Wind Energy Facility shall have adequate fire control and prevention measures.
7. **Underground Location of Powerlines.** Unless geologic conditions prevent underground installation, electrical collection system wiring and power-lines shall be installed underground except where the Wind Energy Facility collector wiring is brought together for connection to the transmission or distribution network. All underground installations located within the public road easement or right-of-way shall comply with the applicable permit and design requirements of Yuma County Road and Bridge and should include the following elements:
- a. **Restoration.** Any disturbed portion of the right of way shall be restored as nearly as possible to its condition immediately prior to construction, improvements, location or relocation, and to the satisfaction of Yuma County Road and Bridge. Backfilling shall be made in six (6) inch lifts, mechanically tamped and packed, and the last twelve (12) inches shall be crushed rock or gravel.
 - b. **Safety.** Safety measures shall be implemented to the satisfaction of Yuma County Road and Bridge and in accordance with state and federal requirements to protect the public from harm during construction, improvements, location or relocation.
 - c. **Roadway Crossing.** When the installation crosses a roadway, it shall be located as perpendicular to the roadway as physically practical and installed in compliance with the requirements of Yuma County Road and Bridge.
 - d. **As-built drawings.** Certified as-built drawings shall be provided to the County once the construction, improvements, location or relocation has been completed.

- e. **Permit and Notice to Proceed.** No work associated with construction, improvements, location or relocation shall commence until the required permit(s) and notice to proceed have been issued by the County.
- 8. Interconnection and Electrical Distribution Facilities.**
- a. All distribution lines, electrical substations, and other interconnection facilities shall be constructed to the specifications of the American National Standard Institute (ANSI), National Electrical Code (NEC), Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE), and National Utility Standards.
 - b. Interconnection shall conform to the requirements of the electric utility company, and applicable state and federal regulatory requirements.
- 9. Interference with Navigational Systems.** The Applicant shall minimize or mitigate any interference with electromagnetic communications caused by the Wind Energy Facility, including radio, telephone or television signals.
- a. Every Wind Turbine shall comply with Federal Aviation Administration regulations for sighting structures near an airport or VORTAC installation.
- 10. Certification of Equipment and Appurtenant Facilities.**
- a. All equipment and appurtenant facilities shall be certified by a registered structural engineer to be compliant with the applicable state, federal and local regulations and to conform with good engineering practices.
 - b. The electrical system shall be certified by a registered electrical engineer to be compliant with the applicable state, federal and local regulations, and to conform with good engineering practices.
- 11. Signs.** Wind Turbines shall not be used for displaying any advertising except for reasonable identification of the manufacturer or operator of the Wind Energy facility.
- 12. Color and Finish.**
- a. All Wind Turbines shall be painted a non-reflective, non-obtrusive color.

- b.** Design of accessory buildings and related structures shall, to the extent practicable, use materials, colors, textures, screening and landscaping that will blend the Wind Energy Facility to the natural setting and existing environment.
- 13. Preservation of Land Use under Decommissioning Plan.** Decommissioning of the Wind Energy Facility shall not interfere with surrounding land use.
- 14. Dimension and Location of Each Wind Turbine.** Applicant has submitted a site plan that designates the location and dimensions of each Wind Turbine to be authorized by the final Land Use Permit.

ARTICLE 6 COMMUNITY OVERLAY DISTRICT

SECTION 6-101 PURPOSE.

The purpose of the Community Overlay District is:

- A. IDENTIFY ESTABLISHED AREAS OF URBAN DENSITIES AND USES.** To acknowledge and identify County areas where urban densities and uses exist and are appropriate when consistent with this Code, and to establish development standards that promote compatible land use and growth within these areas.

- B. PROVIDE FOR LAND USE PERMIT APPLICATION PROCEDURES AND REVIEW STANDARDS.** To provide consistent application procedures and review standards for proposed land use in existing unincorporated communities.

- C. PROMOTE COMPATIBLE DEVELOPMENT.** To facilitate development activity compatible with existing land use and small lot development of unincorporated communities within the County.

SECTION 6-102 APPLICABILITY.

The provisions for Community Overlay District set forth in this Article 6 shall apply to Community Overlay Districts within unincorporated areas of Yuma County established by the Board under Section 6-103.

SECTION 6-103 DESIGNATION OF COMMUNITY OVERLAY DISTRICT BY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

The Board of County Commissioners may by Resolution designate an area to be a Community Overlay District. Each such Resolution shall include a description of the characteristics of the district that justify its designation, provide a review process and standards for development located in such district, and shall identify the location and boundaries of the district.

SECTION 6-104 STANDARDS AND CRITERIA.

Instead of the standards set forth in Article 5, lot size, setback requirements and height limitations applicable to a Community Overlay District may be varied at the discretion of the Board, taking into consideration the purpose and review standards of the Community Overlay District.

A. GENERAL STANDARDS.

- 1. Lot Size.** Lots existing at the time a Community Overlay District becomes effective shall not be reduced in dimension or area below the minimum requirements set forth in this Code.
- 2. Water and Sewer.** All uses constructed or expanded in a Community Overlay District must be properly served by water, sewer, utilities and access.

B. NONCONFORMITIES IN COMMUNITY OVERLAY DISTRICTS.

Uses, structures and lots that were lawfully established pursuant to the regulations in effect at the time of their development which do not conform with provisions of the Community Overlay District established by the Board shall be governed by the provisions of Article 7:
Nonconformities.

SECTION 6-105 REVIEW PROCEDURES FOR USES IN COMMUNITY OVERLAY DISTRICTS.

Uses in Community Overlay Districts shall be reviewed and approved as Minor Land Use Permits pursuant to Section 4-103.

ARTICLE 7 NONCONFORMITIES

SECTION 7-101 GENERAL

A nonconforming use is any use existing as of the effective date of this Code that does not conform to this Code. Except as otherwise provided in this Section, a nonconforming use may be continued or “grandfathered” and normal or routine maintenance of a structure containing a nonconforming use shall be permitted

SECTION 7-102 ENLARGEMENT OR ALTERATION OF A NONCONFORMING USE.

- A. NO ENLARGEMENT OR ALTERATION OF NONCONFORMING USE.** The right to continue a nonconforming use terminates immediately when the nonconforming use is enlarged, expanded, extended, or altered in any of the following ways, and the property owner does not successfully pursue any of the options specified in these regulations within thirty (30) calendar days after the Administrator provides written notification of an alleged illegal enlargement or alteration to the owner:
- 1. New Structure.** The addition of a new structure containing, or accessory to, the nonconforming use.
 - 2. Enlargement or Alteration of Structure or Use.** Enlargement or alteration of a structure containing, or accessory to, the nonconforming use including but not necessarily limited to an increase in floor area, an increase in height, or any other alteration or improvement in excess of normal or routine maintenance of the structure.
 - 3. Enlargement or alteration in the land area.** Enlargement or alteration in the land area occupied by the nonconforming use, unless the basic nature of the use, at the time it became nonconforming, clearly indicated or contemplated such an increase or alteration.
 - 4. Enlargement or Alteration Creating Hazard or Nuisance.** Any other enlargement or alteration of the nonconforming use which has the effect or threatened effect of creating a hazard or nuisance on-site or off-site, of adversely affecting the character of the neighborhood, or of intensifying the use of the land or its need for services.
 - 5. Removal or replacement of any structural member.** Removal or replacement of any structural member in a use for which the County is precluded from enforcing this Code specific to use on the basis of estoppel, laches, or waiver.

B. ALLOWED ENLARGEMENT OR ALTERATION. The following shall not be considered prohibited enlargement or alteration:

1. A change of ownership of the property.
 2. An alteration or expansion which the Administrator determines is necessary to rectify a hazardous health or safety situation or to comply with the public health or safety requirements of another governmental entity having lawful jurisdiction over the structure.
 3. An extension of the nonconforming use within the structure containing the use, provided that such extension is not accompanied by an alteration of the structure falling within category (b), above.
 4. The addition of a solar energy device to a structure containing a nonconforming use.
 5. Any replacement or upgrading of outmoded or worn equipment or supplies.
 6. Any minor expansion of a State-permitted concentrated animal feeding operation or livestock confinement facility.
- Section 2-102 B

SECTION 7-103 CHANGE OF A NONCONFORMING USE.

- A. CHANGE TO CONFORMING USE.** A nonconforming use may be changed only to a use which is conforming under the provisions of these Regulations.
- B. TERMINATION OF NONCONFORMING USE.** Any change of a nonconforming use to any other use shall immediately terminate the right to continue the nonconforming use. Thereafter, the property shall be used only in conformity with the use provisions of these Regulations.

SECTION 7-104 DESTRUCTION OF A STRUCTURE CONTAINING A NONCONFORMING USE.

- A. STRUCTURE DEEMED DESTROYED.** A structure containing a nonconforming use shall be deemed destroyed when either greater than fifty (50) percent of its floor area, or greater than fifty (50) percent of its actual value (as determined by the Yuma County Assessor) is destroyed.
- B. TERMINATION OF NONCONFORMING USE.** The right to continue a nonconforming use terminates immediately when the structure containing that use is destroyed by an intentional act of the property or structure owner or their agent.
- C. RESTORATION OF STRUCTURE.** In all other cases, when a structure containing a nonconforming use is destroyed, the structure may be restored, and the nonconforming use may be reestablished.

 - 1. Timeframe for Restoration.** Restoration of the structure must be commenced within six (6) months after the date on which the nonconforming structure was destroyed and completed within one year after the date on which the restoration was commenced.
 - 2. Extensions.** These times may be extended for a reasonable period, if approved by the County Commissioners at a public hearing upon a showing of extraordinary circumstances by the property owner or their agent.

SECTION 7-105 ABANDONMENT OF A NONCONFORMING USE.

- A. TERMINATION OF NONCONFORMING USE.** The right to continue a nonconforming use terminates as soon as the use is abandoned through the discontinuance of the use for an uninterrupted period of six (6) months or more, as a result of causes within the control of the property owner or their agent.
- B. TERMINATION OF SEASONAL NONCONFORMING USE.** If the nonconforming use is a seasonal use, the use shall be terminated if it is discontinued for an entire single season based upon the history and nature of the use.
- C. ABANDONMENT OF SEASONAL NONCONFORMING USE.** Any seasonal nonconforming use may be abandoned in less than six (6) months or a season, as applicable, if the property owner expressly states an intent to abandon the use, or engages in action which unambiguously expresses an intent to abandon.

SECTION 7-106 NOTICE OF TERMINATION IN THE EVENT OF UNLAWFUL ENLARGEMENT OR ALTERATION OF A NONCONFORMING USE, CHANGE OF USE, ABANDONMENT OF A NONCONFORMING USE, OR DESTRUCTION OR DAMAGE TO A STRUCTURE CONTAINING A NONCONFORMING USE.

- A. WRITTEN NOTIFICATION.** In the event that the Administrator receives information that the right to continue a nonconforming use has been or may have been terminated, the Administrator shall provide a written notification of this determination by first class mail to the property owner and to the parcel address, all as shown on the records of the County Assessor. The property owner shall have thirty (30) calendar days after the date of the notification within which to provide evidence satisfactory to the Administrator to show that the determination is in error, to abate the illegal enlargement or alteration, or to file an appeal of the Administrator's determination to the Board of County Commissioners. In any appeal, the property owner shall have the burden to show that the right to continue the nonconforming use was not terminated according to the applicable provisions of this Article, when judged in light of the history and nature of the use and the circumstances of the alleged termination.

- B. RIGHT TO BRING ENFORCEMENT ACTION.** Nothing in these regulations shall alter or diminish the County's right to take enforcement action against the unlawful continuation of a nonconforming use. Except in the case of an illegal enlargement or alteration for which the owner shall be provided with a thirty (30) day opportunity to abate, any failure by the Administrator to provide a notification of a determination of termination as provided for in this regulation shall in no way entitle the property owner to continue or resume a nonconforming use terminated under provisions of these regulations.

ARTICLE 8 VARIANCES AND APPEALS OF ADMINISTRATIVE INTERPRETATIONS

SECTION 8-101 BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT

- A. ESTABLISHMENT.** There is hereby established a Board of Adjustment.
- B. POWERS AND DUTIES.** The Board of Adjustment shall have the following powers and duties under the provisions of this Code.

 - 1. Variance.** To hear, review and approve, approve with conditions or deny applications for variance to standards and criteria for a Land Use Permit set forth in this Code.
 - 2. Appeal Interpretation of Administrator.** To hear, review, consider and affirm, modify, or reverse appeals of interpretations of these regulations made by Administrator
 - 3. Make Additional Studies.** To make studies as requested and authorized by the Board of County Commissioners, and to report the findings and recommendations.
- C. BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT MEMBERSHIP.**

 - 1. Qualifications.** Members of the Board of Adjustment shall be residents of the County prior to appointment, and registered voters. No member of the Board of County Commissioners shall serve on the Board of Adjustment. Although no specific experience requirements shall be necessary as a prerequisite to appointment, consideration shall be given to applicants who have experience or education in planning, law, architecture, natural resource management, real estate, and related fields.
 - 2. Appointment.** The Board of Adjustment shall be composed of three (3) members, to be appointed by a majority vote of the Board of County Commissioners by Resolution.
- D. TERMS OF OFFICE.** All members serving on the Board of Adjustment on the effective date of these Regulations shall complete their terms according to their prior appointments. The term of at least one (1) member shall expire each year. The term of office of each member appointed under these Regulations shall be for two (2) years. There shall be no limit on the number of terms a person may serve on the Board of Adjustment. When a person is appointed to fill out the term of a departing member that person's term shall end at the time the departing member's term would have ended.

- E. REMOVAL FROM OFFICE.** Any member of the Board of Adjustment may be removed for cause by the Board of County Commissioners upon written charge.
- F. VACANCY.** Whenever a vacancy occurs on the Board of Adjustment, the member's position shall remain vacant until a new member can be appointed by the Board of County Commissioners.
- G. COMPENSATION.** The members of the Board of Adjustment shall serve without compensation, but may be reimbursed for such travel, mileage and continuing education expenses as may be authorized by the Board of County Commissioners.
- H. OFFICERS; QUORUM; RULES OF PROCEDURE.**
- 1. Chairman and Vice Chairman.** At the first meeting of each calendar year, the members of the Board of Adjustment shall elect a Chairman and Vice-Chairman from among its members. The Chairman's and Vice-Chairman's term shall be for one (1) year. No member shall serve as Chairman for more than two (2) consecutive terms. The Chairman shall administer oaths and shall be in charge of all proceedings before the Board of Adjustment.
 - 2. Secretary.** The Secretary shall keep full and complete minutes of all proceedings, which minutes shall be a summary of all proceedings before the Board of Adjustment, which shall include the vote of all members upon every question, its examination and other official actions, and be attested to by the Secretary. The minutes shall be approved by a majority of the Board of Adjustment members voting. In addition, the Secretary shall maintain all other records of the Board of Adjustment meetings, hearings, proceedings, and the correspondence of the Board of Adjustment, which shall be immediately filed and kept in the offices of the Board of Adjustment as public records.
 - 3. Staff.** The Administrator shall designate the professional staff of the Board of Adjustment.
 - 4. Quorum and Voting.** The presence of two or more members shall constitute a quorum of the Board of Adjustment necessary to take action and transact business. All actions shall require a vote of two concurring members of the Board of Adjustment.
 - 5. Rules of Procedure.** The Board of Adjustment shall, by a majority vote of the entire membership, adopt rules of procedure for the transaction of business, and shall keep a record of resolutions, findings and determinations, and a record of meetings.

- I. **MEETINGS OPEN TO PUBLIC.** All meetings and public hearings of the Board of Adjustment shall be open to the public in a place accessible to the public, except that meetings held in executive session pursuant to Colorado law shall not be open to the public.
- J. **NOTICE.** Public hearings shall be properly noticed in compliance with Section 8-102(B)(4).

SECTION 8-102 VARIANCES.

Variations are deviations from the terms of this Code that would not be contrary to the public interest when, owing to special circumstances or conditions like exceptional topographic conditions, narrowness, shallowness or the shape of a specific piece of property, the literal enforcement of the provisions of this Code would result in peculiar and exceptional practical difficulties to or exceptional and undue hardship upon the owner of the property.

- A. **INITIATION.** Applications for a variance may be submitted by the owner or the owners authorized agent.
- B. **APPLICATION SUBMITTAL AND REVIEW PROCEDURES APPLICABLE TO APPLICATIONS FOR VARIANCE**
 - 1. **Pre-application Conference.** A pre-application conference shall be held in accordance with Section 4-101(A).
 - 2. **Application.** The applicant for a variance shall submit to the Administrator an application that includes the following materials. Additional materials may be required by the Administrator.
 - a. **Site Plan.** A site plan for the property at which the variance is being requested.
 - b. **Written Narrative.** A written narrative explaining the standards from which a variance is being sought, and the reasons why a variance is necessary.
 - 3. **Review of Application Materials by Administrator.**
 - a. **Review.** The Administrator shall review the application for completeness, in accordance with the provisions of Section 4-101(E). Upon a determination of completeness, the Administrator shall schedule the application for review and approval by the Board of Adjustment.

1. **Special Circumstances Exist.** One of the following circumstances or conditions exists with respect to the property:
 - a. Exceptional narrowness, shallowness or shape of the property at the time of the enactment of the regulation in question.
 - b. Exceptional topographic conditions of the property.
 - c. Other extraordinary and exceptional situation or condition of the property.
2. **Not a Result of the Actions of Applicant.** The special circumstances and conditions have not resulted from any act of the applicant.
3. **Strict Application Consequence.** Because of the special circumstances and conditions found pursuant to Section 8-102(C)(1), the strict application of the regulation would result in peculiar and exceptional practical difficulties to, or exceptional and undue hardship on, the owner of the property.
4. **Variance is Necessary for Relief.** The granting of the variance from the strict application of the provisions set forth in this Code is necessary to relieve the owner of the peculiar and exceptional practical difficulties or exceptional and undue hardship.
5. **Not Detrimental to the Public Good.** Granting the variance will not cause substantial detriment to the public good.
6. **Granting the variance will not substantially impair the intent and purpose of the County's adopted land use codes.**

SECTION 8-103 APPEAL PROCESS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE INTERPRETATION OF THESE REGULATIONS.

An appeal may be taken to the Board of Adjustment by any person aggrieved by a final interpretation by the Administrator of terms or requirements of this Land Use Code.

- A. **INITIATION.** The appeal shall be filed with the Administrator within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of the interpretation of the Administrator.

B. STATEMENT OF APPEAL AND REVIEW PROCEDURES.

- 1. Statement of Appeal.** The appellant shall submit a written statement of the Administrator's interpretation to be appealed, the date of that interpretation and the reasons why the appellant believes that the interpretation of the Administrator is incorrect, including any materials or evidence to support the appeal.
- 2. Public Hearing.** Public hearing by the Board of Adjustment shall be scheduled within forty-five (45) calendar days of the date the appeal was filed with the Administrator. The County shall arrange for notice of the Board of Adjustment public hearing to be published at least thirty (30) days prior to the date of the public hearing in a newspaper of general circulation setting forth the time, date and place of the Board of Adjustment public hearing. It is not necessary to post a notice of the hearing on the property or to mail notice of the hearing to adjacent property owners, and public notice shall be the responsibility of the County.
- 3. Review and Action by the Board of Adjustment.** The Board of Adjustment shall review the Statement of Appeal and testimony by the Administrator at the Public Hearing. The Board of Adjustment shall determine the proper interpretation of the provision of the Code being appealed.
- 4. Review Criteria for Appeal of Administrative Interpretation.** The Board of Adjustment shall consider the following criteria in hearing an appeal of an administrative interpretation.

 - a.** The technical meaning of the provision being appealed.
 - b.** Evidence as to the past interpretation of the provision.
 - c.** The effect of the interpretation on the intent of this Code and the implementation of the Comprehensive Plan.

ARTICLE 9 ENFORCEMENT

SECTION 9-101 AUTHORITY TO INSPECT AND ADMINISTRATIVE ACTION AGAINST VIOLATIONS.

- A. ADMINISTRATOR AUTHORIZED TO INSPECT.** The Administrator is empowered to inspect and examine any building, other structure, or parcel or other area of land where there is reasonable cause to believe that a use exists or construction or alteration work is being performed, or has been performed, in violation of this Code.

- B. NOTIFICATION OF VIOLATION.** If a violation exists, the Administrator shall send a notification to the violator in compliance with the Section 9-102, Enforcement Procedures.

SECTION 9-102 ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURES.

These procedures apply unless the particular provision, context and violation call for something different according to this Code or state law.

- A. NOTIFICATION OF VIOLATORS.**
 - 1. Requirement of Notice.** The County shall send notice of a violation of the Code to the occupant, developer, and owner (if not the same) by first class mail to each person's last known address and/or by hand delivery and by posting on the site in a clearly visible location near the entrance road to the property.
 - a. Content of Notice.** The Notice shall contain the following information:
 - (1)** A list and description of all violations with references to the section or sections of the Code violated.
 - (2)** An order to the occupant, developer, and/or owner to cease all un-permitted or prohibited activities.
 - (3)** An order to the occupant, developer and/or owner to attain compliance within thirty (30) days.
 - b. Response.** Any person who receives notice of a violation of the Code, shall within thirty (30) days:
 - (1)** Restore the site to compliance and request an inspection of the property by the County to demonstrate that compliance has been attained, or

(2) File a written request with the County for an extension of time to attain compliance, showing good cause for each extension, with such extensions limited to sixty (60) days ending with an inspection of the property by the County to confirm compliance.

B. LEGAL ACTION. In the event of a violation, the County may seek penalties and remedies through legal action against the occupant, developer or owner who fails to attain compliance within the specified time, or to show on appeal that a violation has not occurred.

C. PUBLIC ENDANGERMENT. The enforcement procedure may be accelerated where the County finds the public health, safety, welfare, or the environment could be endangered by a continuing violation. In such cases, the County Attorney shall take immediate action to end the danger to the public health, safety, welfare and the environment through, but not limited to ex-parte restraining orders as authorized under the Colorado Rules of Civil Procedure and/or action by local law enforcement or public safety agencies as deemed appropriate and necessary.

SECTION 9-103 ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES.

A. ABATEMENT OF VIOLATIONS. Violations of this Code may be abated under the procedures and standards of this Section, at the election of the County Attorney. However, this procedure shall not be the sole remedy available, and the County may enforce this Code in any manner provided by law.

B. WITHHOLDING LAND USE PERMITS. The County may withhold or deny future Land Use Permits, or any other administrative actions on any land where a notice of violation has been issued, and the violation has not been timely corrected.

C. CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS. After notice of a violation and an opportunity to correct the violation, the County may halt work on any land where there is an uncorrected violation. All work shall immediately halt upon issuance of such order. If work continues, the development shall be in violation of this Code.

D. INJUNCTION. In case any building or structure is or is proposed to be erected, constructed, reconstructed, altered, maintained or used in violation of the provisions of this Code, the Board, the district attorney or any owner of real property within Yuma County, in addition to other remedies provided by law, may institute an injunction, mandamus, abatement or other appropriate action or proceeding to prevent, enjoin,

abate or remove such unlawful erection, construction, reconstruction, alteration, maintenance or use.

- E. SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE.** The County may seek specific performance of the terms or conditions of any agreement or permit issued under this Code.
- F. CUMULATIVE REMEDIES.** All remedies provided for in this section are cumulative, are not exclusive, and shall be in addition to any other remedies provided by law. To the extent that Colorado law may limit the availability of a particular remedy for a particular violation or a part of a violation, such remedy shall remain available for other violations of other parts of the same violation, and all other remedies shall remain available for the same violations or part of a violation.

SECTION 9-104 JUDICIAL REMEDIES.

A. JUDICIAL ACTION AGAINST VIOLATIONS.

- 1. Request for Civil or Criminal Action.** At the request of the Board, the County Attorney shall be empowered to bring either a civil or a criminal (or both) action against the owner of any premises or property on which a violation of this Code is alleged, and, following investigation, has been confirmed or is reasonably believed to exist.
- 2. Criminal Remedy.** Criminal violations of this Code shall be punished by a fine in an amount not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100.00) for each violation or by imprisonment in the County jail for not more than ten (10) days, or by both such fine and imprisonment, or by such other remedy as may be specified by amendment to C.R.S. § 30-28-124. Each day during which such illegal erection, construction, reconstruction, alteration, maintenance, or use continues shall be deemed a separate offense.
 - a.** The Administrator shall comply with the requirements of C.R.S. 30-28-124(b)(II) by giving written notice to the alleged violator to correct the violation within thirty days after the date of the notice.
 - b.** If the violation is not corrected within the thirty days, the Administrator may request the County Attorney to pursue criminal remedies in County Court against the violation.
- 3. Civil Remedy.** Civil remedies against violations of this code may include injunction, mandamus, abatement or any other appropriate action or proceeding to prevent, enjoin, abate, or remove the

violation; and the fine herein above provided for may be recovered in that same civil action wherein such injunction, mandamus and/or abatement is sought, or separate and district proceedings may be instituted seeking varying forms of relief, as C.R.S. 30-28-124 or any other applicable provision of law may allow.

- a. The Administrator shall provide written notice of the alleged violation to the violator, including a reasonable time period (which may be less than thirty days) to correct, prior to initiating judicial enforcement action.

**SECTION 9-105 ADDITIONAL ENFORCEMENT REGULATIONS
APPLICABLE TO SUBDIVISION.**

A. REQUIREMENT FOR COUNTY SUBDIVISION APPROVAL

1. **Approval in Compliance with Code Required for Recording.**
No plans of streets or highways for public use, or plans, plats, plots, and replats of land laid out in subdivision or building lots or the streets, highways, alleys, or other portions of the same intended to be dedicated to a public use or the use of purchasers or owners of lots fronting thereon or adjacent thereto, shall be recorded in any public office unless the same is approved in compliance with this Code.
2. **Criminal Remedy, Transfer or Sale Prior to Final Plat Approval and Recording.** Any subdivider or agent of a subdivider who transfers or sells land before a Final Plat for the land has been approved pursuant to the requirements of this Code and recorded or filed in the Office of Clerk and Recorder shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined shall be punished by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1000.00) nor less than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for each parcel or interest in subdivided land which is sold or offered for sale. All fines collected shall be credited to the General Fund of the County.
2. **Action to Enjoin.** The Board shall have the power to bring an action to enjoin any subdivider from selling proposed subdivided land before a Final Plat for such land has been approved by the Board and filed for recording in the Office of the County Clerk and Recorder. (C.R.S. § 30-28-110(4)(b))

**SECTION 9-106 ADDITIONAL ENFORCEMENT REGULATIONS
APPLICABLE TO WIND ENERGY FACILITIES.**

A. MONITORING. Upon twenty-four hours notice, the Board or its official representative may enter the property on which a Wind Energy Facility has been permitted, for the purpose of ensuring compliance with the terms of permit approval and applicable County regulations, and of monitoring noise, environmental impacts and other impacts which may arise.

B. REMOVAL OF UNSAFE AND INOPERABLE WIND TURBINES

(1) Any unsafe structure or inoperable Wind Turbine and Wind Turbines for which the Land Use Permit has expired shall be removed by the owner. All safety hazards created by the installment and operation of the Wind Turbine shall be eliminated and the site shall be restored to its natural condition to the extent feasible. A bond or other appropriate form of security may be required to cover the cost of removal and site restoration.

(2) Any unsafe or inoperable Wind Turbine deemed an unsafe structure, as defined in Article 10 of the Yuma County Land Use Code shall be considered a public nuisance subject to abatement by repair, rehabilitation, demolition or removal. A Wind Turbine shall not be considered unsafe or abandoned if the owner can demonstrate to the Board's satisfaction that modernization, rebuilding or repairs are in progress or are planned and will be completed within six months of the date of notice of violation issued by the County pursuant to Section 9-102 of the Land Use Code.

**SECTION 9-107 IMPLEMENTATION OF MITIGATION DOES NOT
RELIEVE PERMITTEE OF RESPONSIBILITY FOR
COMPLIANCE WITH STANDARDS.**

Implementation of mitigation does not relieve permittee's responsibility to comply with all County standards and criteria. Failure to conduct the project in compliance with standards and criteria at any time shall be deemed a permit violation and may result in enforcement and/or require a permit amendment to address whether standards and criteria can be satisfied with different mitigation or change in project operations.

ARTICLE 10 DEFINITIONS

Section 10-101 Definition of Words and Phrases

For the purposes of this Land Use Code, the following words and phrases are defined as follows:

Accessory Use/Structure. A use or structure that is:

1. Clearly incidental to and customarily found in connection with a principal structure or use.
2. Subordinate in area, extent and purpose to the principal building or use.
3. Located on the same lot or parcel of land as the principal use.

Adjacent. Same as “abutting.”

Adjacent Property Owner. An owner of record, as recorded in the most current records on file in the County Assessor’s Office, of any estate, right, or interest in real property that immediately abuts, or is located immediately across a road or highway, waterway or other body of water from the site of a proposed Land Use Change.

Administrator. Yuma County Land Use Administrator, or his/her designee.

Agriculture. The use of land for farming, dairying, pasturage, agriculture, horticulture, floriculture, viticulture, and animal and poultry husbandry and the necessary accessory uses for packing, treating, or storing the produce; provided however, that the operation of any such accessory uses shall be secondary to that of normal agricultural activities and provided further that these uses shall not include uses that are Confined Animal Feeding Operations.

Agricultural Structure. A structure located on a farm or ranch and used in an agricultural operation for the storage, repair and maintenance of farm or ranch equipment and supplies, or for the raising and/or storage of crops and livestock. These include, but are not limited to, barns, corrals, silos, workshops, equipment sheds, greenhouses smaller than 2500 square feet, storage and shelter structures. An agricultural structure does not include greenhouses that are 2500 square feet or larger, enclosed arenas or other enclosed areas when the activities that occur there provide services and/or goods to the general public on site.

Animal Feeding Operation. As defined by State and Federal Regulations.

Animal Unit. A unit of measure to determine a comparable number of animals as defined by State and Federal Regulations.

Applicant. The owner or duly designated representative of land for which a Land Use Permit has been requested.

Average Working Capacity. The average occupancy of the animal feeding operation on a year-round basis defined as the sum of the end-of-month occupancy rates divided by the number of months during a calendar year the facility conducts animal feeding operations.

Board of Adjustment. The Board of Adjustment of Yuma County.

Board or Board of County Commissioners. The Board of County Commissioners of Yuma County.

Building. Any structure designed or intended for the support, enclosure, shelter, or protection of persons, animals, chattels, or property, excluding fences.

Cluster, Cluster Development. The concentration of development, including buildings, driveways, and water supply and wastewater treatment facilities on one or more compact areas of a development parcel, preserving the remainder as productive agricultural land or undeveloped open space, and avoiding impacting areas of identified value for wildlife habitat, scenic features of a rural landscape, historical agricultural uses, and significant environmental features. Clustering allows flexibility in layout and protection of identified valuable characteristics of a development parcel.

Commercial Use or Activity. Any use or activity primarily devoted to business purposes such as the purchase, sale, lease or exchange of goods and/or the provision of services.

Commission. The Yuma County Planning Commission

Comprehensive Plan. A plan, or any portion thereof, adopted by the Yuma County Board of County Commissioners establishing the goals, objectives and policies of the County.

Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations. As defined by State and Federal Regulations.

County. The County of Yuma, State of Colorado.

Density. A unit of measurement; the number of dwelling units per acre of land.

Development. Any activity or construction, excluding normal agricultural activities, that changes the basic character or use of the land.

Dwelling Unit. One or more rooms designed to accommodate one family and containing only one kitchen plus living, sanitary and sleeping facilities.

FAA (Federal Aviation Administration). The federal agency responsible for aircraft safety.

Final Plat (Subdivision). A map of a land subdivision prepared according to applicable laws of the State of Colorado and section 4-103(B)(5) of these Regulations having the necessary affidavits for filing, dedications and

Flood or Flooding. A general and temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of normally dry land areas from either the overflow of watercourses, or the unusual and rapid accumulation or runoff of surface waters from any source.

Floodplain. An area adjacent to the stream, which is subject to flooding as the result of the occurrence of an intermediate regional flood and which is so adverse to past, current, or foreseeable construction or land use as to constitute a significant hazard to public health and safety or to property. The term includes but is not limited to:

1. Mainstream floodplains;
2. Debris-fan floodplains; and
3. Dry wash channels and dry wash floodplains.

Geologic Hazard. A geologic phenomenon which is so adverse to past, current, or foreseeable construction or land use as to constitute a significant hazard to public health and safety or to property. The term includes but is not limited to:

1. Avalanches, landslides, rock falls, mudflows, and unstable or potentially unstable slopes;
2. Seismic effects;
3. Radioactivity; and
4. Ground subsidence.

Grading of more than 500 Cubic Yards. Movement of more than 500 cubic yards of material, except that the following are not considered to be grading of more than 500 Cubic Yards for purposes of this Land Use Code.

1. Normal grading activity associated with agriculture, allowed mining activity, or foundation construction.
2. Normal grading activity associated with trail or road construction by a governmental entity on publicly acquired open space land in accordance with an open space management plan approved by the Board of County Commissioners.

Hazard. A significant source of risk, danger or peril resulting from natural phenomena or conditions including those precipitated or caused by activities of man.

Height (Building). The vertical distance from the “grade” to the highest point of the coping of a flat roof, or to the deck line of a mansard roof, or to the average heights of the highest gable of a pitch or hip roof.

Home Occupation. An occupation carried on within a dwelling or accessory building by members of the family occupying the dwelling with no servant, employee or other person being engaged, provided the residential character of the building is maintained and the occupation is conducted in such a manner as not to give an outward appearance nor manifest any characteristic of a business in the ordinary meaning of the term nor infringe upon the right of neighboring residents to enjoy the peaceful occupancy of their homes.

Hub Height. The distance measured from ground level to the center of the turbine hub.

Impact. The direct and indirect effect or consequence of the proposed project.

Industrial. Any manufacturing operation or industrial use.

Industrial Use or Activity. Manufacturing, fabrication storage, processing and shipping facilities; mineral extraction and production or processing; auto body repair and maintenance shops; truck stops; facilities of public utilities; solid and hazardous waste disposal sites; airports and similar activities or uses commonly known as industrial in nature.

ISDS System. An individual sewage disposal system as defined by the State of Colorado and the County ISDS regulations.

Land Use. The purpose for which any building, land or structure is designed, maintained, renovated, occupied or used.

Land Use Change. Any development, grading, construction, activity or operation that changes the basic character, configuration or use of the land or structure.

Land Use Permit. A permit, issued by the County, required for any land use activity subject to this Code.

Lot. A parcel, plot or tract of land which is the subject of a Land Use Permit application, land use activity proposal, or which is occupied by a structure, together with the yards and other open spaces required by these regulations.

Major Electrical or Natural Gas Facilities. Major electrical or natural gas facilities as defined by C.R.S. 29-20-108(3) that are subject to Public Utilities Commission jurisdiction.

Meat Processing Facility. Any establishment where meat is slaughtered, dressed, processed, cut, trimmed, wrapped, or packaged for delivery to consumers.

MET Tower. A meteorological tower used for the measurement of wind speed.

Mine, Mining. Any area of land from which minerals are extracted in nonliquid form or are extracted in a liquid form while workers are underground; private ways and roads appurtenant to such area; and lands, excavations, underground passageways, shafts, slopes, tunnels and workings, structures, facilities, equipment, machines, tools, or other property, including impoundments, retention dams, and tailing ponds, on the surface or underground, used in, or to be used in, or resulting from the work of extracting such minerals from their natural deposits in nonliquid form or, if in liquid form, used by workers underground or used or to be used in the milling of such minerals or the work of preparing coal or other minerals. "Mine" includes sand and gravel pits. "Mine" does not include clay pits, or rock and stone quarries, including surface limestone and dolomite quarries.

Mineral Estate Owner. The owner or lessee of a mineral estate underneath a surface estate that is subject to an application for development.

Minor Expansion of Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations and Livestock Confinement Facilities. Expansion of facilities that does not increase the capacity of the facility by more than 33% or 5000 head over the existing capacity, which ever is less, as of the date of approval of this document.

Natural Hazards. Mudslides, subsidence areas, floodplains, seismic faults, rockslides, erosion and other naturally occurring phenomena that can pose hazards to life or property.

Nonconforming (Use/Structure). A land division or lot, building or structure, or use of land legally existing at the time of enactment of these Regulations and which does not conform to these Regulations. Such land divisions, buildings or structures, or use of the land are "grandfathered" and subject to the terms and provisions of Article 7 of these Regulations.

Outside Storage. The outside placement of items, including but not limited to vehicles that are inoperable, and mobile homes not connected to utilities not on a permanent foundation, for a period of more than twenty-four hours.

Parcel. See Lot.

Preliminary Plan (Subdivision). A map of a proposed land subdivision, prepared in conformance with section 4-104(B)(5) of these Regulations, that shows the character and proposed layout in sufficient detail to clearly illustrate the proposal for development.

Private Utility. A business or service which is engaged in regularly supplying the public with some commodity or service which is of public consequences and need, such as electricity, gas, transportation or communication.

Public Hearing. A meeting called by a public body for which public notice has been given and which is held in a place where the general public may attend to hear issues and express their opinions.

Road. See Street.

Significant. Deserving to be considered; important; notable and not trifling.

Single Family Dwelling. A detached building which is occupied or which is arranged, designed, and intended to be occupied, by one family and containing only one kitchen plus living, sanitary and sleeping facilities, but not including hotels, motels, tents, seasonal vacation cabins, camper trailers, or other structures designed or used primarily for temporary occupancy. A single-family dwelling shall also include a mobile home that is installed and has received permits in accordance with the provisions of these regulations. A single-family dwelling must have indoor plumbing and be serviced by adequate water, sewer and public utility systems.

Site Plan. A plan, prepared to scale, showing accurately and with complete dimensioning, the boundaries of a site and conceptual aspects of the plan for development of the site, prepared in compliance with these Regulations.

Solid Waste Disposal Site and Facility. The location and facility at which the collection, storage, treatment, utilization, processing, or final disposal of solid wastes occur.

Street. A county road, state highway, public road, street or alley, or private thoroughfare which affords primary access to abutting property.

Structure. Anything constructed or erected which requires location on the ground or attachment of something having a location on the ground. "Structure" shall include immobilized mobile homes and swimming pools.

Subdivision. Subdivision shall have the meaning given in CRS §30-28-101.

System Height. The combined height of the tower, the wind turbine and any blade extended at its highest point, measured from ground level.

Telecommunications Facilities. Includes but is not limited to facilities associated with the following types of telecommunications: cellular telecommunications, low power mobile radio service telecommunications facility.

Unsafe Structure. A structure, building or wind turbine which, in the determination of the Administrator is:

1. In a condition presenting a substantial danger or hazard to public health, safety, or welfare.

2. Is a dilapidated building which is unused by the owner or uninhabited because of deterioration or decay, and constitutes a fire hazard or subjects adjoining properties to a danger of damage by storm, soil erosion, or rodent infestation, or is a place frequented by trespassers and transients seeking a temporary shelter or hideout.

Use. The purpose for which any land, structure or building is designed, maintained or occupied.

Wind Energy Facility. An electricity generating facility consisting of one or more Wind Turbines under common ownership or operating control, and includes substations, MET Towers, cables/wires and other buildings accessory to such facility, whose main purpose is to supply electricity to off-site customer(s).

Wind Turbine. A wind energy conversion system that converts wind energy into electricity through the use of a wind turbine generator. The term “Wind Turbine” shall include the turbine, blade, tower, base and pad transformer.

Yard. The space on the same lot as a building or structure that is unoccupied and open to the sky.